

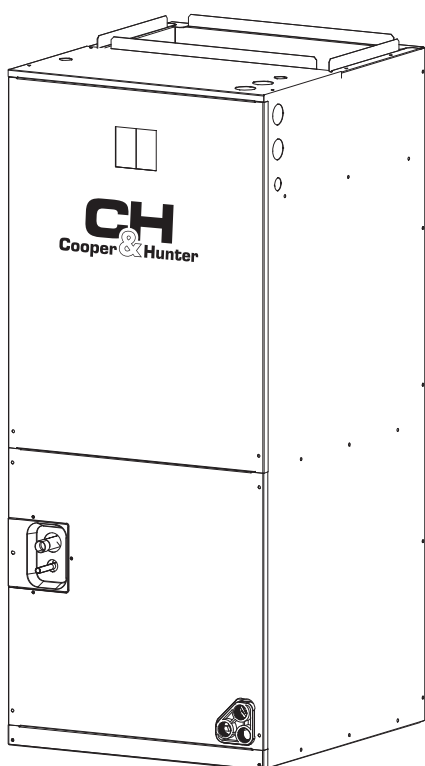


**Multi-Position Air Handler
Cooling Only**

SPLIT SYSTEM

AIR HANDLER UNIT

Installation Manual



Models:

CH-UC18AHU
CH-UC24AHU
CH-UC30AHU
CH-UC36AHU

IMPORTANT NOTE:



Read this manual carefully before installing
or operating your new air conditioning unit.
Make sure to save this manual for future
reference.



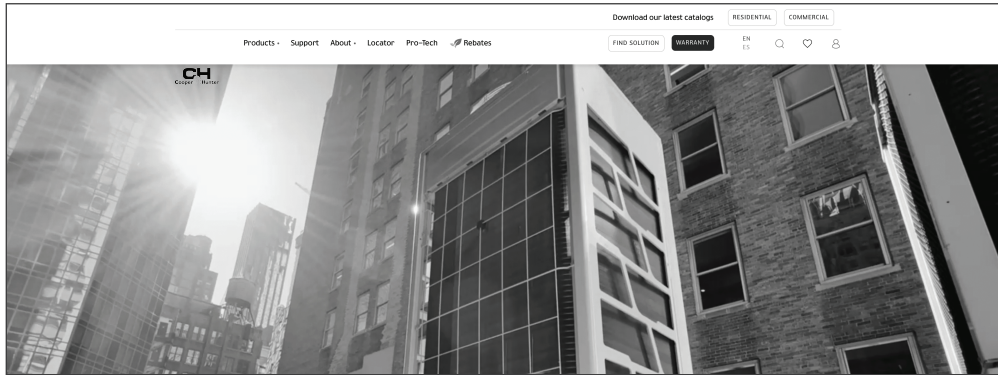


About the Company

With more than 25 years of experience in air conditioning and ventilation, **Cooper&Hunter** is considered one of the HVAC leaders in the US market. Distributed in more than 55 countries worldwide, the brand is dedicated to technological innovation and consumer-driven product development, while generating HVAC equipment that adheres to the highest quality standards in the US. Our focus is to provide reliable, energy-efficient, and cost-effective residential and commercial air conditioning solutions.

Learn more about your unit

Learn more technical information about your unit at www.cooperandhunter.us, where you can find submittals, leaflets, videos and all technical specifications of your unit.



Step 1

On the website cooperandhunter.us, type in your unit model number into the search field and click enter.

Step 2

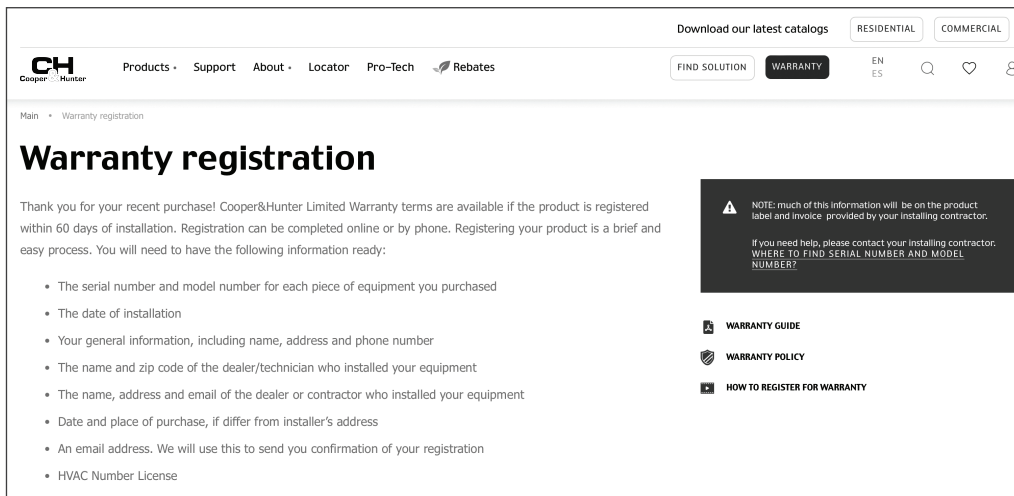
Make sure the unit that appears in your search results matches your unit and click on it for more details.

Step 3

On the detail page of your unit you will be able to view the technical specifications, description and additional documents, such as Submittals, Leaflets and Videos about your unit.

Warranty registration

It is important to register your unit's warranty. This will provide more security and agility whenever you need to request technical support from **Cooper&Hunter**.



Step 1

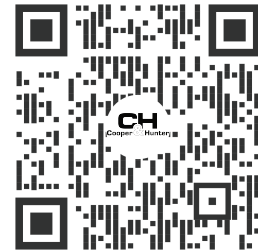
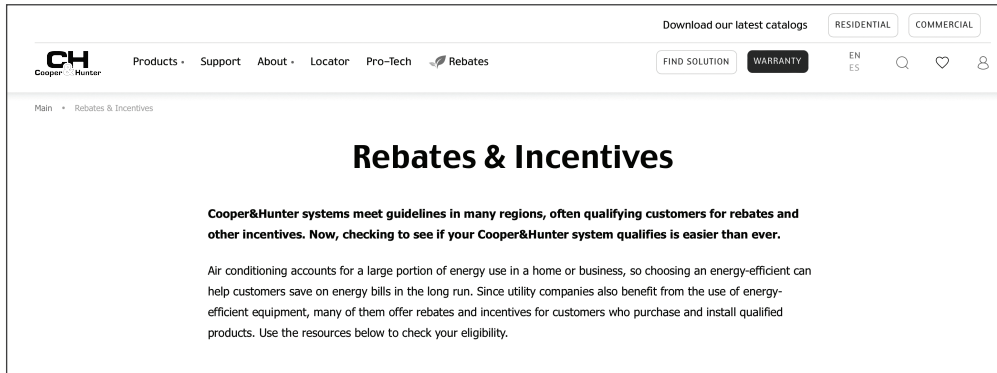
Visit the warranty registration page at cooperandhunter.us/warranty and follow the steps to register a new unit. For more information on the warranty terms and policies, see pages at the end of your user manual.

Step 2

Complete the entire warranty registration form, including the information of the licensed technician who installed your equipment. Once complete, you will receive a confirmation email stating your application to register your unit has been submitted.

How to apply for the rebate program

Almost all **Cooper&Hunter** equipment is eligible for the rebate program. Visit **our website** to see if the rebates apply to your location.



Step 1

Go to cooperandhunter.us/rebates to add your zip code and select your outdoor unit to see if your unit qualifies for the rebate.

Step 2

See the list of available rebates and instructions on how to apply for each available rebate.

Our Commitment to Innovation and Efficiency

At **Cooper&Hunter**, innovation is at the heart of everything we do. We continuously invest in research and development to bring you the most advanced, reliable, and energy-efficient HVAC solutions. Our goal is to lead the industry in environmental and energy efficiency, and we will spare no effort to achieve this.

We are proud to offer products that, not only meet, but exceed the highest quality standards. Our dedication to technological innovation ensures that you receive the best possible performance and value from your HVAC systems.

Explore more

For more information, including tutorials and updates, visit our official YouTube channel, Instagram and Facebook page. Simply search our social media to access a variety of helpful videos and guides.



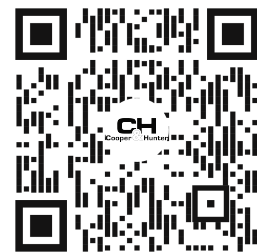
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1. Symbol and Key to Safety Instructions

1.1 Symbol Keywords



WARNING

The warnings in this document are identified by warning triangles printed on a black background. The keyword at the beginning of the warning indicates the type and severity of the risk if no measures are taken to prevent it.

The following keywords are defined and used in this document:

	Dangerous	Means a hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, will lead to death or serious injury.
	Warning	Indicates a hazardous situation, which may lead to death or serious injury if not avoided.
	Caution	Indicates a hazardous situation, which may cause mild to moderate injury if not avoided.
	Note	Used to deal with behaviors unrelated to personal injury.

Important Information



This symbol represents important information that is not harmful to people or property.

1.2 Safety

Please Read Before Continuing.

Warning:

- The unit must be installed by qualified personnel with a capability certificated for handling R32 refrigerant. Refer to regulation and laws in use on installation location.
- This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.
- The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.
- Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.
- The minimum clearance to combustible surfaces (curtains, blinds, etc.) from the appliance should be 11.81in (300 mm).
- Maximum outlet air temperature with electric heater should be limited to 194°F (90°C).
- Leak detection system installed. Unit must be powered except for service
- Before accessing the connection terminals, all power circuits must be disconnected.
- Please read these instructions carefully before attempting to install or operate. Failure to follow these instructions may result in incorrect installation, adjustment, repair or maintenance, which may result in fire, electric shock, property damage, personal injury or death.
- Installation, service, maintenance and repair of this unit must be performed by a certified technician.
- Servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.
- Product uninstallation and recycling must be performed by a certified technician.
- keep any required ventilation openings clear of obstruction;
- The appliance shall be stored in a well-ventilated area where the room size corresponds to the room area as specified for operation.
- The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating open flames (for example an operating gas appliance) and ignition sources (for example an operating electric heater)



QUALIFICATION OF WORKERS

The installation and servicing of this equipment must be performed by qualified, experienced technicians only. Professional installation personnel should have the following experience:

- Installing the electric heater
- Opening of sealed components
- Opening of ventilated enclosures
- Commissioning and troubleshooting
- Checking the electric control part and wiring
- Breaking into the refrigerant circuit and charging



This document is property of customer and should be kept together with this equipment.

These instructions do not cover all the different variations of the system, nor do they provide all the unexpected situations that may be encountered during the installation process.



The manufacturer recommends installing only approved matched indoor and outdoor systems. Some of the benefits of installing approved matched indoor and outdoor split systems are maximum efficiency, optimum performance and the best overall system reliability.

Warning: Fire, electric shock, property damage, personal injury or death



- The whole installation process must comply with NATIONAL, STATE AND LOCAL CODES. If you need more information, please contact your local dealer.
- Dispose of properly in accordance with federal or local regulations. Flammable refrigerant used.
- Risk of fire due to flammable refrigerant used. Follow handling instructions carefully in compliance with national regulations

Warning: Risk of electric shock



- Can cause injury or death. Disconnect all remote electric power supplies before servicing. More than one disconnect switch may be required to cut off the power of the equipment. Dangerous voltage can cause serious personal injury or death.

Warning: Electric shock



- If the fan assembly needs to be dismantled, all disconnect switches supplying power to the equipment must be powered off and locked (if the device cannot be seen), so that the field power cord can be safely dismantled from the fan assembly. Otherwise, it may cause electric shock, personal injury or death.

Warning: Fire, electric shock, property damage, personal injury or death



- Flammable refrigerant used. Consult repair manual/owner's guide before attempting to service this product. All safety precautions must be followed.
- Due to possible equipment damage or personal injury, installation, repair and maintenance should be carried out by trained qualified maintenance personnel. Consumers are advised to only clean/replace the filter screen. Do not operate the equipment with the access panel removed.

Warning:



- Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).
- Do not pierce or burn.
- Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour.

	WARNING	This symbol that this appliance used a flammable refrigerant. If the refrigerant is leaked and exposed to an external ignition source, there is a risk of fire.
	CAUTION	This symbol that the operation manual should be read carefully.
	CAUTION	This symbol that a service personnel should be handling this equipment with reference to the installation manual.
	CAUTION	This symbol that information is available such as the operating manual or installation manual.



Warning:

- This product may expose you to chemicals including lead and lead components, which are known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm in California. For more information, please visit www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.



Warning: Electric shock

- The device must be permanently grounded. Otherwise, it will cause electric shock, personal injury or death.



Note: Fire risk

- The product is only used for one or two residences.
- The materials of pressure ventilation system and piping system must meet the latest NFPA 90B standard.



Note:

- Make sure the fan bracket is fastened (3 motor mounting bolts-Figure1). Then, before operating the device, check whether the wheels are firmly fixed on the motor shaft.

Blower motor
mounting bolts

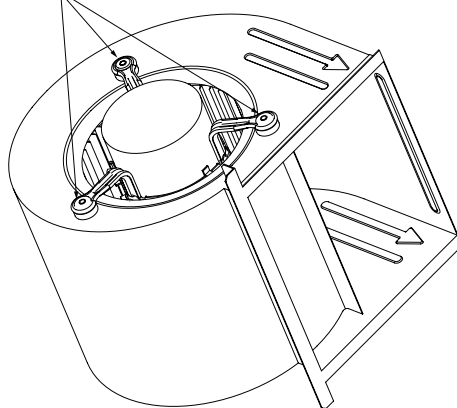


Figure 1.1

1.3 Safety Precautions for R32 Refrigerant



Warning:

- Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).
- Do not pierce or burn.
- Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour.

Equipment leak detection

Field-made refrigerant joints indoors shall be tightness tested. The test method shall have a sensitivity of 0.17 ounces (5 grams) per year of refrigerant or better under a pressure of at least 0,25 times the maximum allowable pressure. No leak shall be detected.

Qualification of workers

Every working procedure like maintenance, service and repair operations that affects safety means shall only be carried out by competent persons.

Examples for such working procedures are:

- breaking into the refrigerating circuit;
- opening of sealed components;
- opening of ventilated enclosures.

Checks to the area

Prior to beginning work on systems containing FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimised.

Work procedure

Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimise the risk of a flammable gas or vapour being present while the work is being performed.

General work area

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out. Work in confined spaces shall be avoided.

Checking for presence of refrigerant

The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres. Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.

Presence of fire extinguisher

If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigerating equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

No ignition sources

No person carrying out work in relation to a REFRIGERATING SYSTEM which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from

the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.

Ventilated area

Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

Checks to the refrigerating equipment

Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt, consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.

The following checks shall be applied to installations using FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS:

- the actual REFRIGERANT CHARGE is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed;
- the ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed;
- if an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant
- marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected;
- refrigerating pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.

Checks to electrical devices

Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used. This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised. Initial safety checks shall include:

- that capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking;
- that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system;
- that there is continuity of earth bonding.

Repairs to sealed components

Sealed electrical components shall be replaced.

Repair to intrinsically safe components

Intrinsically safe components must be replaced.

Cabling

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

Detection of flammable refrigerants

Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.

The following leak detection methods are deemed acceptable for all refrigerant systems.

Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed.

Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.

If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished.

If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak. Removal of refrigerant shall be according to Removal and evacuation.

Removal and evacuation

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose –conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice be followed, since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- safely remove refrigerant following local and national regulations;
- evacuate;
- purge the circuit with inert gas (optional for A2L);
- evacuate (optional for A2L);
- continuously flush or purge with inert gas when using flame to open circuit; and
- open the circuit.

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders if venting is not allowed by local and national codes. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be purged with oxygen-free nitrogen to render the appliance safe for flammable refrigerants. This process might need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems.

For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, refrigerants purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum (optional for A2L). This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system (optional for A2L). When the final oxygen-free nitrogen charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place.

The outlet for the vacuum pump shall not be close to any potential ignition sources, and ventilation shall be available.

Charging procedures

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.

- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimise the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- Cylinders shall be kept in an appropriate position according to the instructions.
- Ensure that the REFRIGERATING SYSTEM is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant
- Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the REFRIGERATING SYSTEM.

Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressure-tested with the appropriate purging gas. The system shall be leak-tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

Decommissioning

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of recovered refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

- a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- b) Isolate system electrically.
- c) Before attempting the procedure, ensure that:
 - mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
 - all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
 - the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
 - recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with instructions.
- h) Do not overfill cylinders (no more than 80 % volume liquid charge).
- i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another REFRIGERATING SYSTEM unless it has been cleaned and checked

Labelling

Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. For appliances containing FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS, ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANT.

Recovery

When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.

When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge is available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure-relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.

The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of the flammable refrigerant. If in doubt, the manufacturer should be consulted. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition.

The recovered refrigerant shall be processed according to local legislation in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant waste transfer note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.

If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The compressor body shall not be heated by an open flame or other ignition sources to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

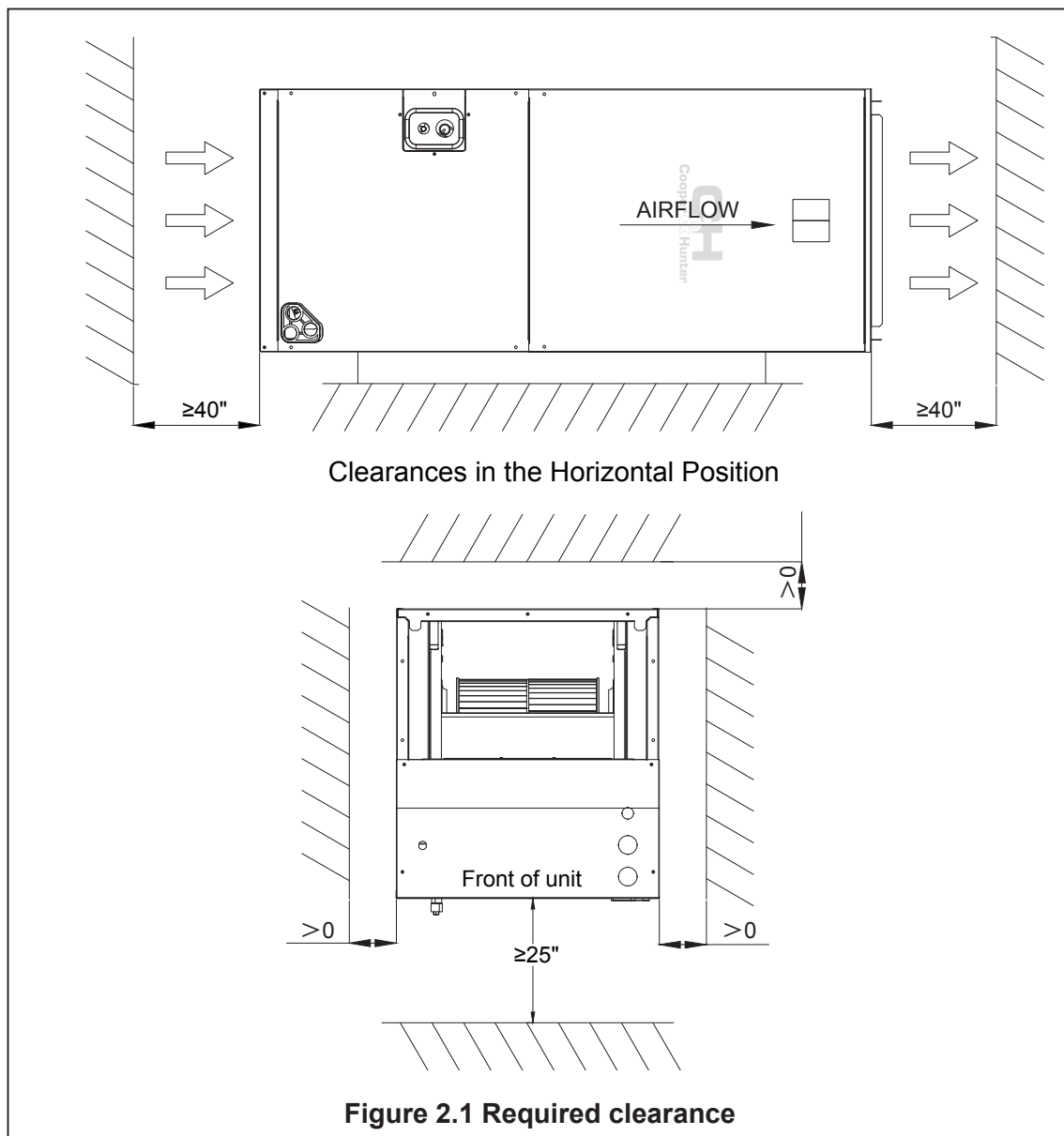
2. General

The device can return air at the bottom at the upward airflow position, return air from left to right at the horizontal position and return air at the top at the downward airflow position.

This air handler provides the flexibility to be installed in any upward, downward or horizontal airflow application. According to the airflow performance table in Section 5, adjust the fan speed through the DIP switch (located on the control panel of the air handler) to select the correct air volume. Please refer to the wiring diagram of Dip switch settings.

Please refer to section 4 for high and low voltage wiring.

To ensure proper installation, please choose a firm and flat site. Make sure enough clearance is reserved for installation and maintenance.





Note:

- As shown in Figure 2.1, the installed device must have the required clearance. Failure to follow these instructions may result in equipment damage and/or premature equipment failure.



Warning: Fire risk

- Keep flammable materials and vapors (such as gasoline) away from air handlers. Failure to follow these instructions may result in death, explosion or fire.

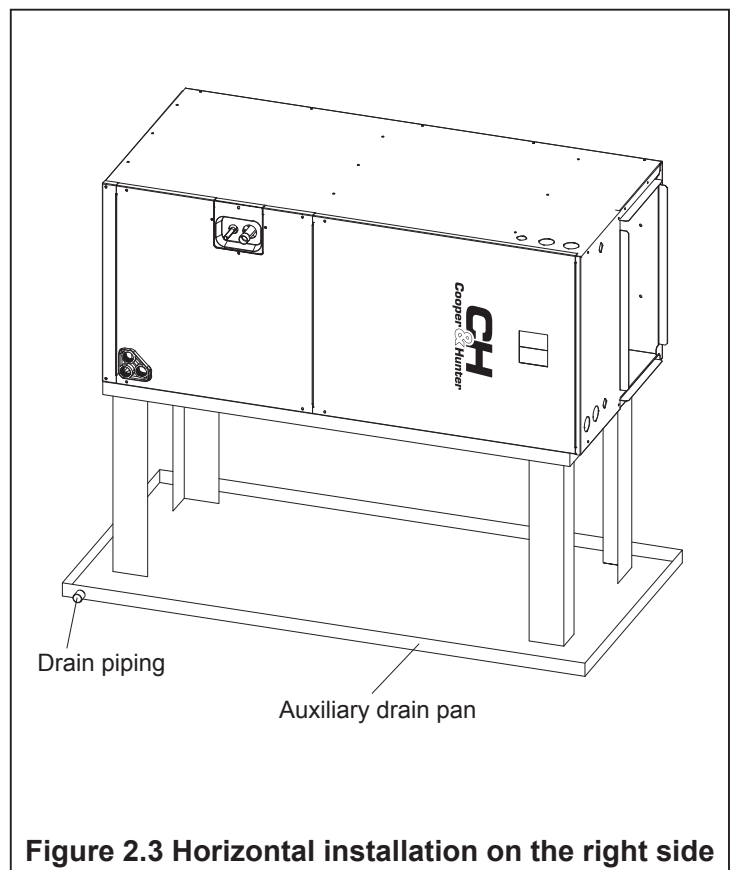
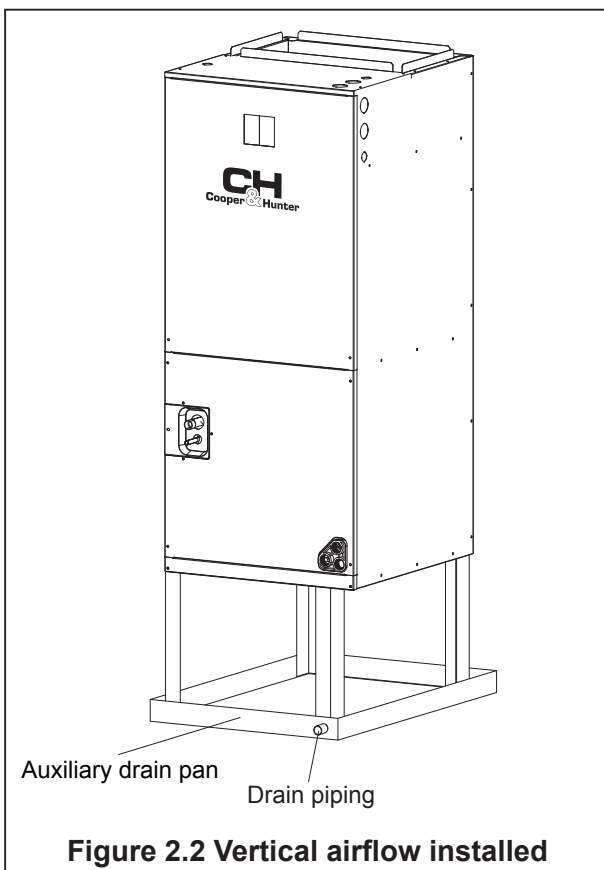
2.1 Installation in High Humidity Environment

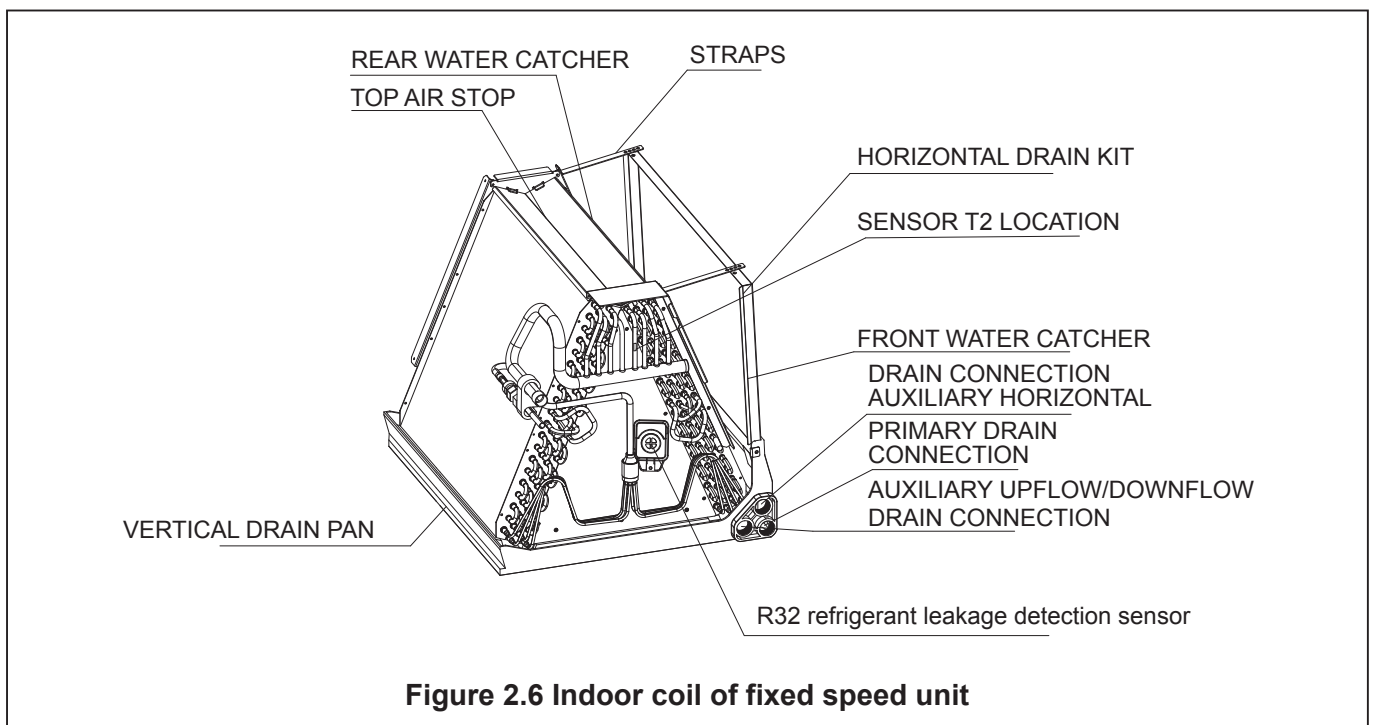
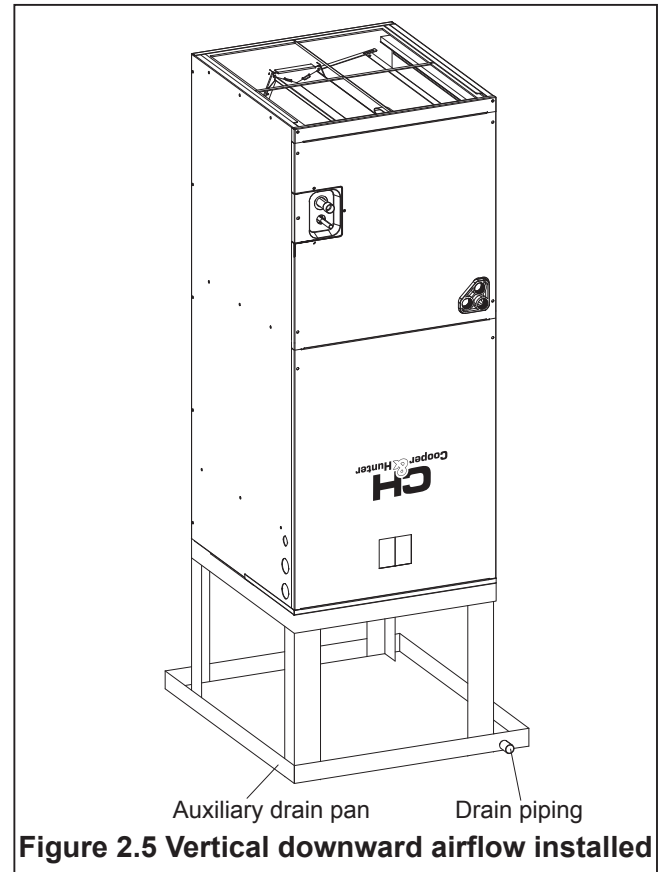
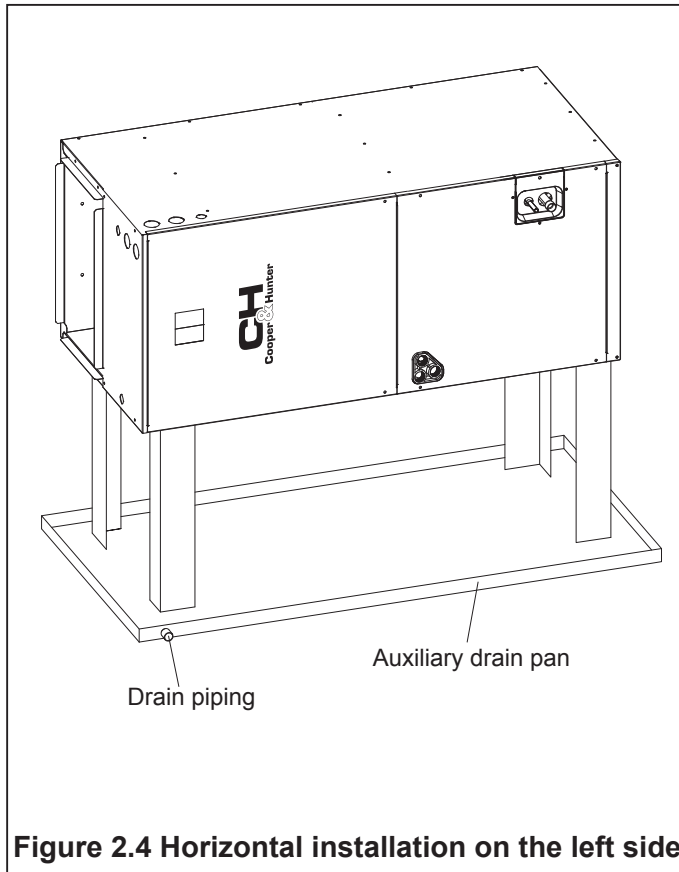
When the unit is installed in a hot and humid place, if the temperature in the installation space exceeds 86 °F and the RH (relative humidity) exceeds 80%, it is recommended to insulate the outside of the cabinet. Use glass wool or polyethylene foam as insulation material; The thickness should be greater than 2 inches, and it must be suitable for the installation space opening.

Condensate may also be produced on the insulation surface. Ensure that insulation materials designed for HVAC systems are used. In the process of refrigeration, condensate may be produced on the surface. It is also recommended to use an auxiliary drain pan and fix the equipment firmly to prevent it from falling. See Figure 2.2, 2.3, 2.4 and 2.5.



For the use of auxiliary drainage tray, please refer to local regulations.

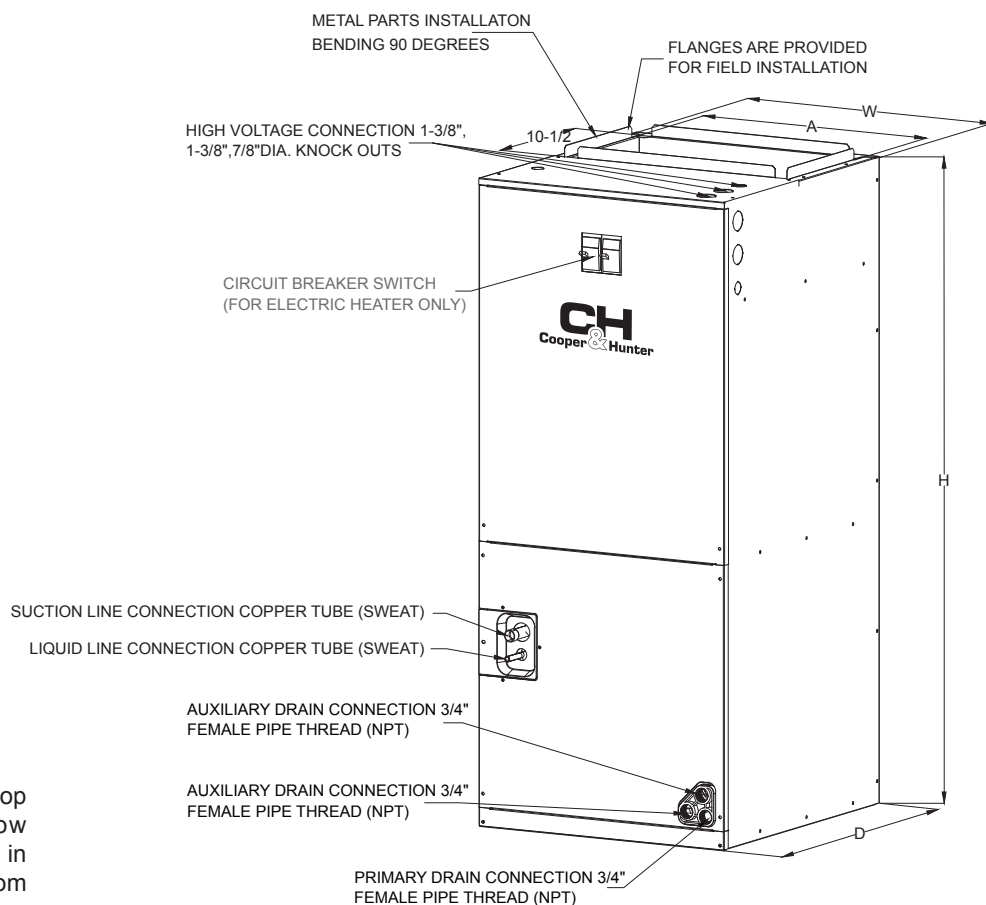




2.2 Unit Dimension



The front of the unit requires a clearance of 25 inches for the maintenance of filters and coils.



Upward airflow unit shown:

The unit can be positioned for top air return in downward airflow position, left and right air return in the horizontal position, or bottom air return in the upward airflow position.

Figure 2.7

Table 2.1 Unit Dimension

Model	Dimension Inches [mm]				
	Height "H"	Width "W"	Dimension "D"	Air outlet "A"	Liquid Line / Vapor Line
18K	45-3/4 [1162]	19-5/8 [500]	22 [560]	17-7/8 [454]	3/8 / 3/4 [9.5]/[19]
24K	45-3/4 [1162]	19-5/8 [500]	22 [560]	17-7/8 [454]	3/8 / 3/4 [9.5]/[19]
30K	45-3/4 [1162]	19-5/8 [500]	22 [560]	17-7/8 [454]	3/8 / 3/4 [9.5]/[19]
36K	45-3/4 [1162]	19-5/8 [500]	22 [560]	17-7/8 [454]	3/8 / 3/4 [9.5]/[19]

3. Application

3.1 Vertical Upward Airflow

- The vertical upward airflow configuration is the factory default configuration of all models (see Figure 2.7).
- If the return air is to be ducted, the duct should be installed flush with the ground. Use 1/8 to 1/4 inch thick fireproof elastic gasket between ducts, unit and floor.



Torque applied to the drainage connection should not exceed 15 foot-pounds. For vertical upward air flow and horizontal right installation, dimensions of pipe and drain pipe can be found in Figure 3.1.

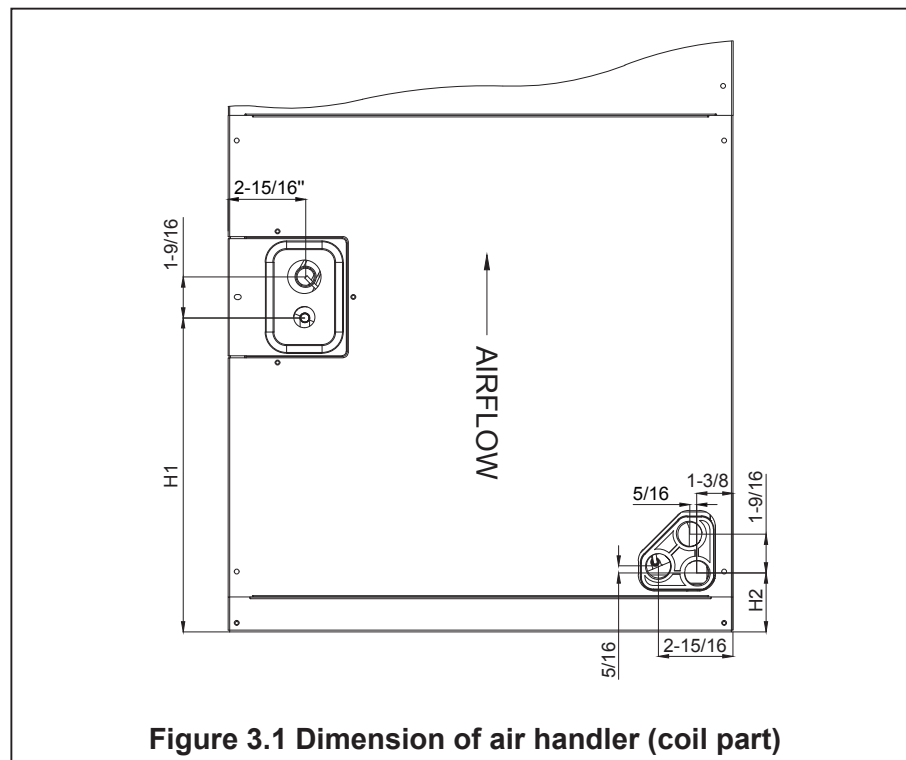


Figure 3.1 Dimension of air handler (coil part)

Table 3.1

Model	"H1" inches [mm]	"H2" inches [mm]
18K/24K/30K/36K	12-1/4 [311]	2-1/4[57]

3.2 Vertical Downward Airflow

Convert to Vertical Downward airflow Position:

The vertical upward airflow position can be converted into the vertical downward airflow position. Remove the coil (evaporator) access panel and coil, and reinstall it by rotating 180° from the original position. See Figure 3.2 and 3.4.

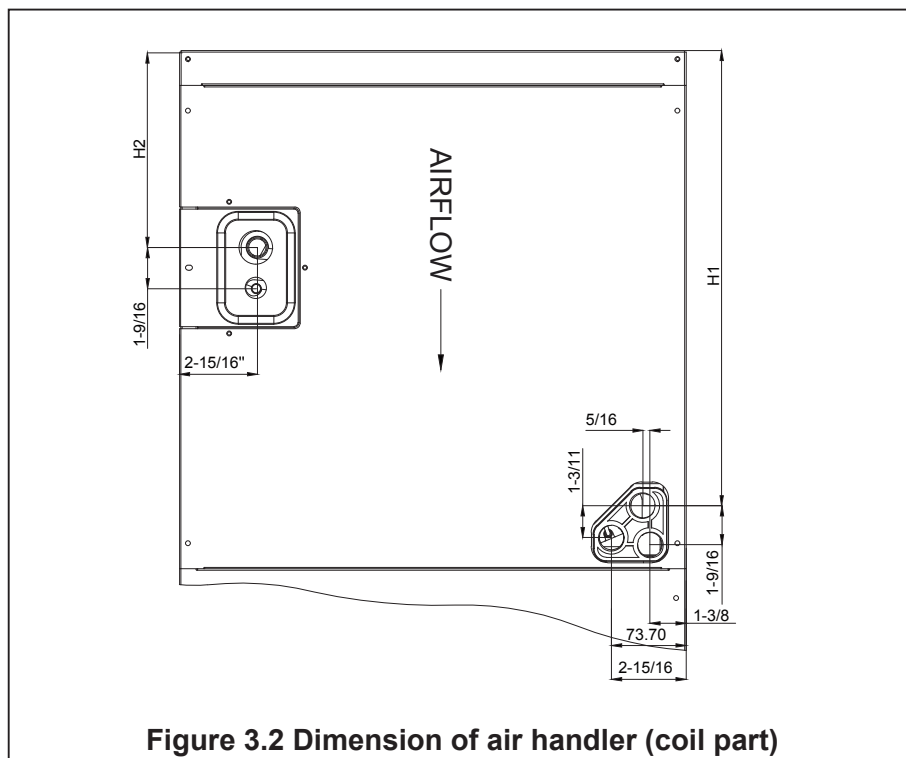


Table 3.2

Model	"H1" inches [mm]	"H2" inches [mm]
18K/24K/30K/36K	17-11/16 [449]	7-9/16 [192]

3.3 Horizontal

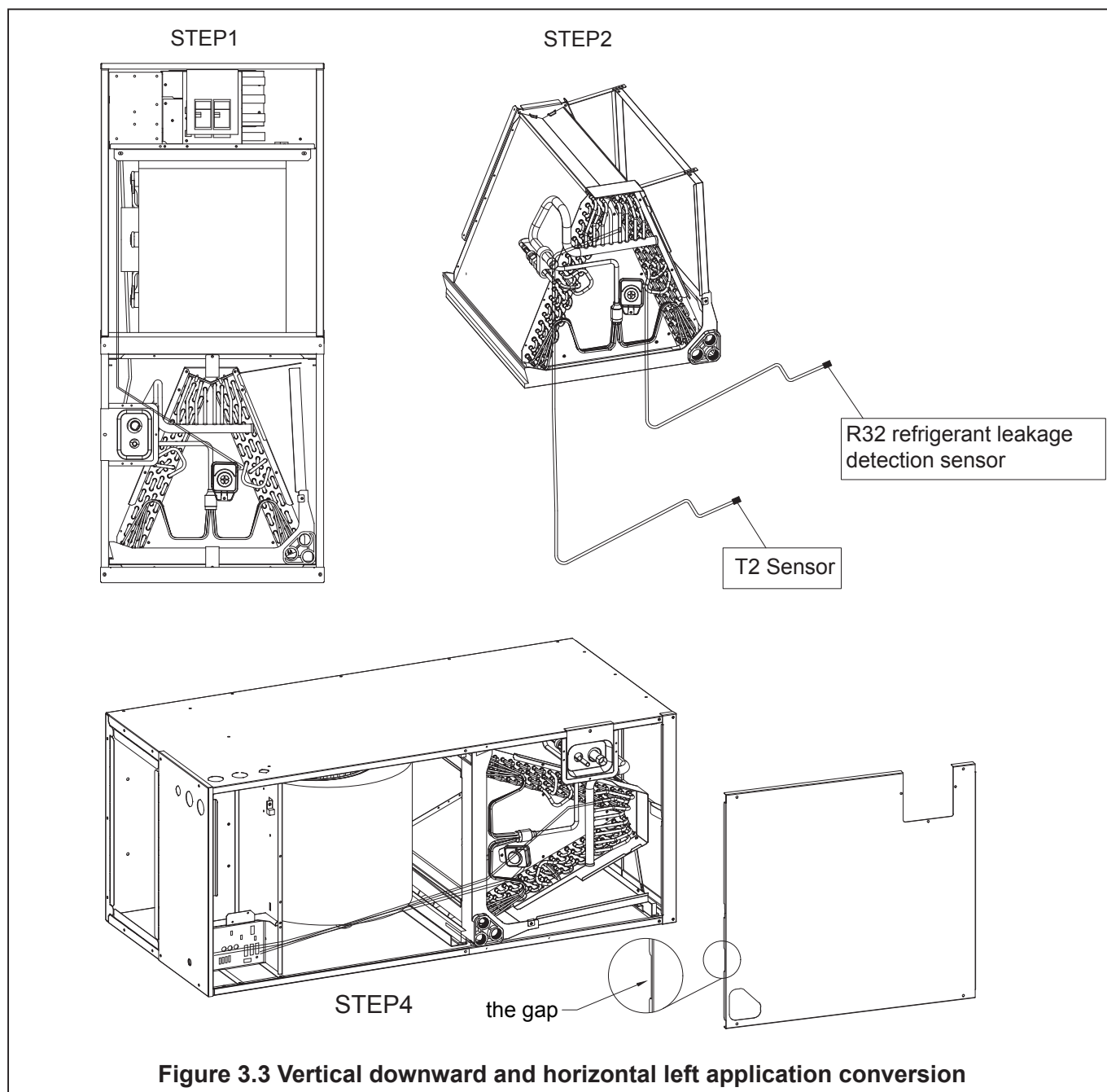
Horizontal right installation is the default factory configuration for all models.

Switch to Horizontal Left Installation:

- By removing the indoor coil assembly and reinstalling the coil, the vertical upflow position can be converted into a horizontal left position, See Figure 3.3 and 3.4.
- Rotate the device by 90° to the horizontal left position, with the coil segment on the right and the blower segment on the left.
- Re-install the indoor coil by rotating 180° from the original position. Ensure that the fixing groove is fully engaged with the coil guide rail. See figs. 3.4.
- When configured to be placed horizontally above the ceiling and/or living space, it is recommended to use an additional field supplied drain pan.

Steps to Change Cabinet Direction to Vertical Downward or Horizontal Left Direction

1. Remove the screws and the front panel, and disconnect the plug of T2 sensor and R32 refrigerant leakage detection sensor wire from the circuit board (Figure 3.3, Step 1).
2. Pull out the coil with sensor wire (do not disconnect T2 sensor and R32 refrigerant leakage detection sensor from the coil). (Figure 3.3, Step 2)
3. Install the coil in the correct direction and fix it in place. Reinsert those sensor wire in PCBA through the gap on the cabinet cover (Figure 3.3, Step 3).



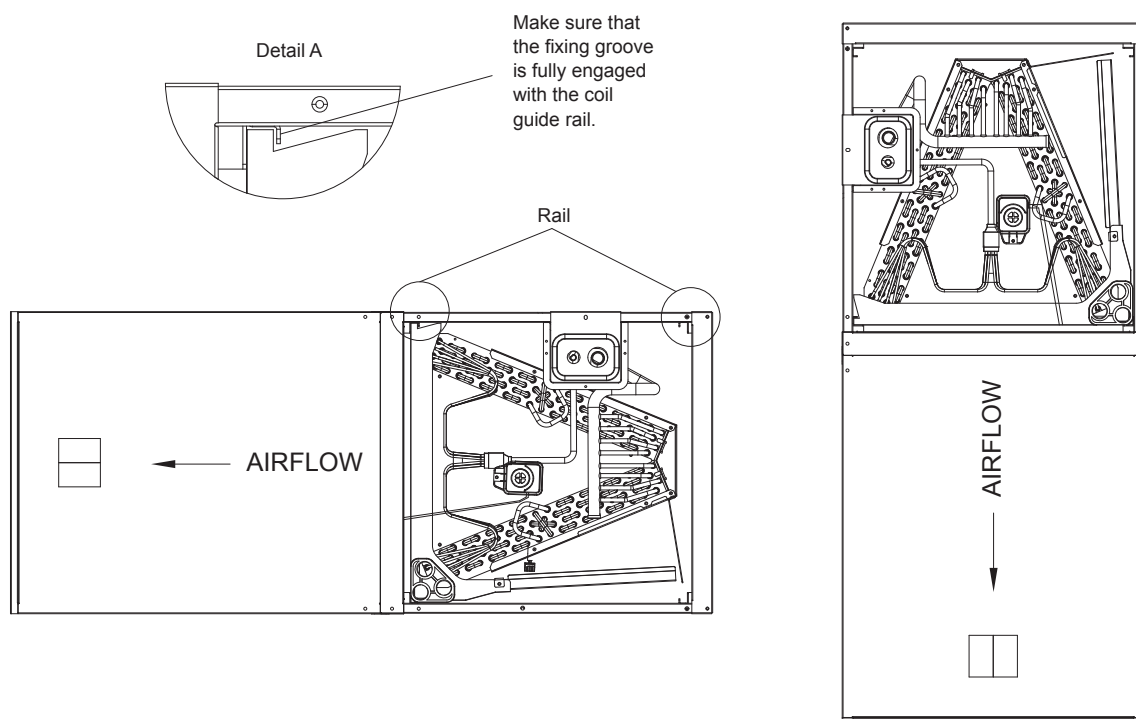


Figure 3.4 Vertical downward and horizontal left application

Note:



- Horizontal units must be configured for right hand air supply or left hand air supply. Horizontal drain pan must be located under indoor coil.
- Failure to use the drain pan will result in property damage.

Horizontal Conversion:

Remove the indoor coil and reinstall it by 180° from the original position. The horizontal right air outlet can be changed to the horizontal left air outlet.

3.4 Install in Unconditioned Space

Note:



- There are two pairs of coil guide rails in the air handler, which are used for upward and downward air supply applications. If the air handler is installed in an unconditioned space, two unused coil guide rails should be removed to minimize condensate on the surface of the air handler. Unscrew 6 mounting screws from both sides of the cabinet to easily remove the coil guide rail.

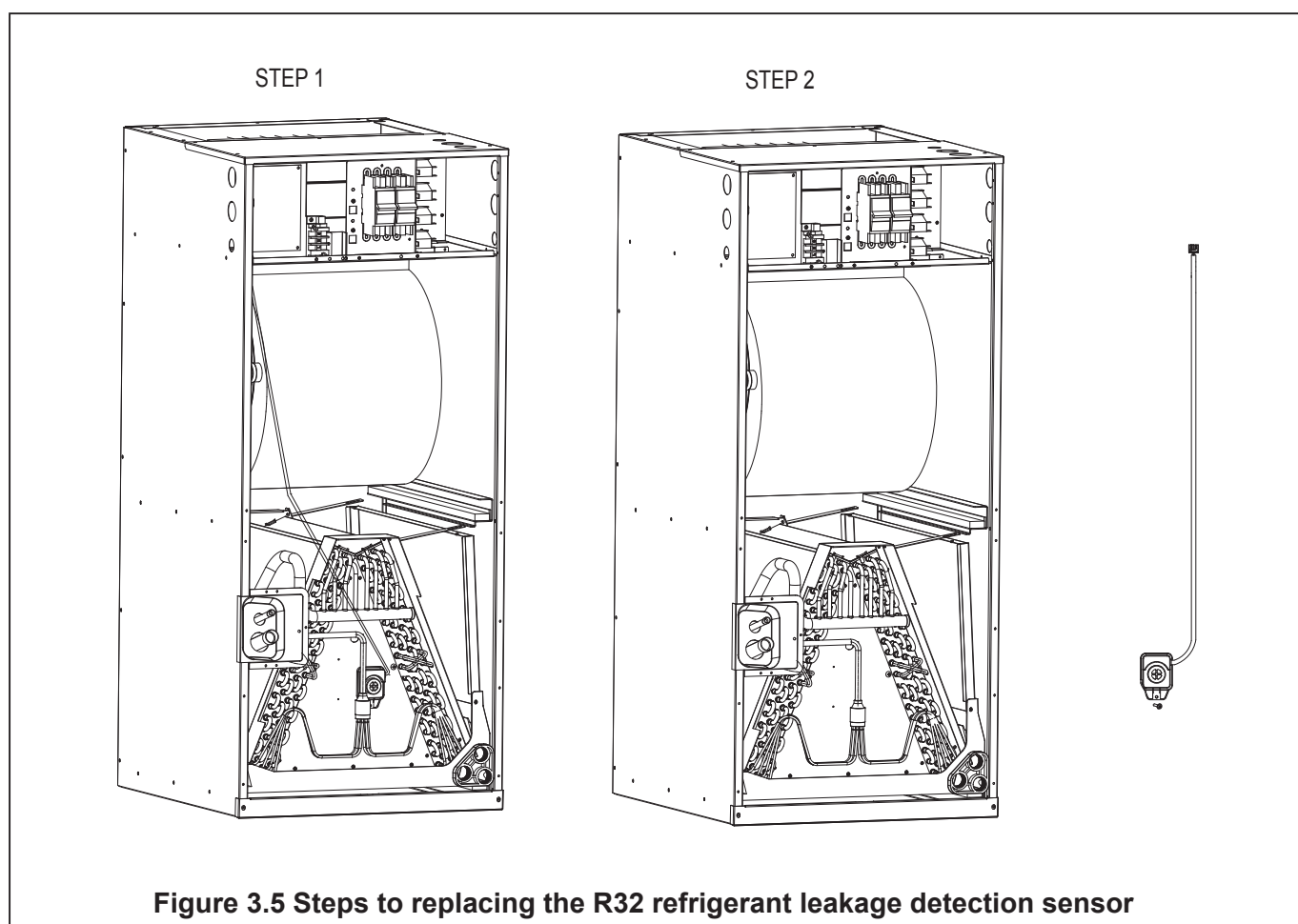
3.5 Steps to Replacing the R32 refrigerant leakage detection sensor

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS of R32 refrigerant leakage detection sensor:

MINIMUM LIFETIME: 15 YEARS

It needs to be replaced with the same model. If in doubt, please consult the manufacturer for assistance.

1. Remove the screws and the front panel, and disconnect the plug of R32 refrigerant leakage detection sensor wire from the circuit board (Figure 3.5, Step 1).
2. Remove the screws and pull out the R32 refrigerant leakage detection sensor with the wire (Figure 3.5, Step 2).
3. Replace the new R32 refrigerant leakage detection sensor and screw it to the triangular plate, plug and tie the wires to the electronic control board in the same way as before. Install the access panels, make sure there is no outstanding gap to allow refrigerant escape in case of leakage.



3.6 Precautions for Four-way Installation

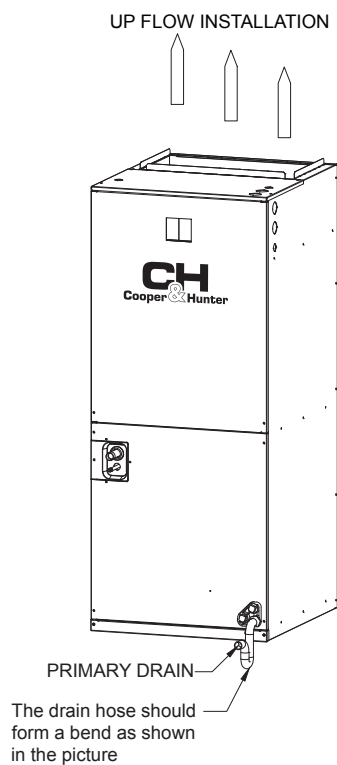


Figure 3.6-1

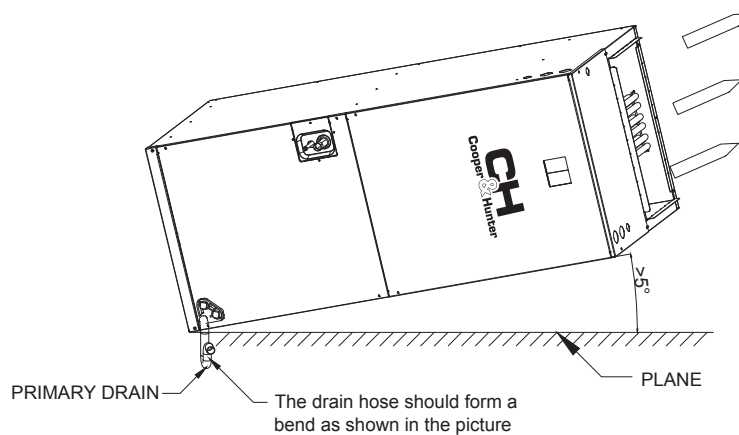


Figure 3.6-2

INSTALLATION NOTES:

1. Plug the unused drain holes with the plugs provided in the accessory bag comes with the unit.
2. The unit must be put the horizontal angel of the formation of greater than or equal to 5°.

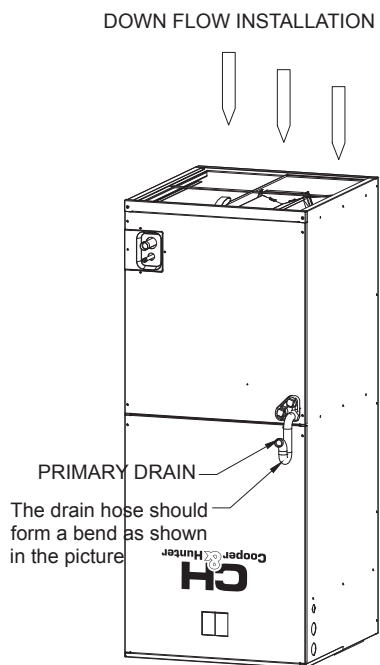


Figure 3.6-3

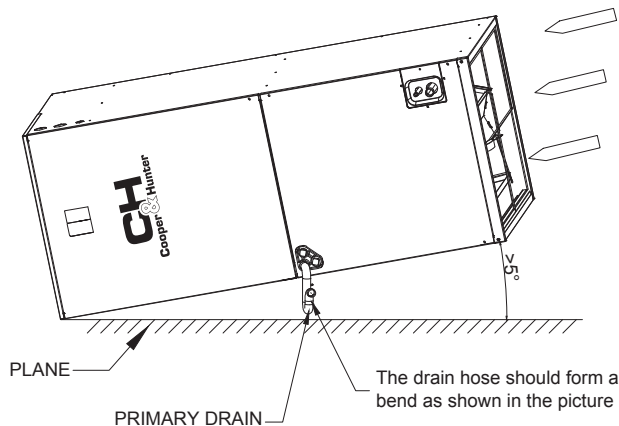


Figure 3.6-4

INSTALLATION NOTES:

1. Plug the unused drain holes with the plugs provided in the accessory bag comes with the unit.
2. The unit must be put the horizontal angel of the formation of greater than or equal to 5°.

3.7 Installation Room Size Rules

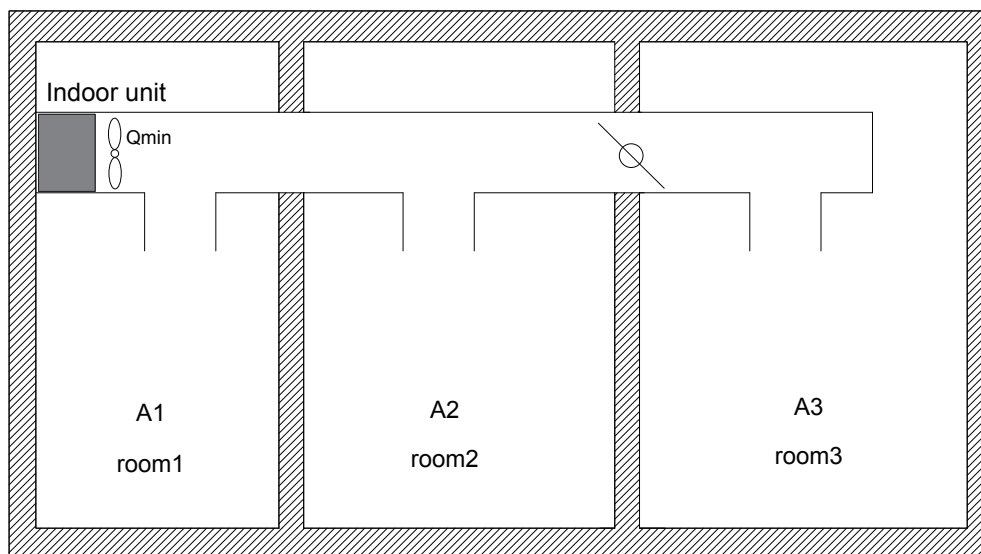
The installation mode needs to be performed in the following way.

Minimum room height, 7.22 ft (2.2 m) (if applicable).

Minimum room area (operating or storage), 122.15ft² (11.35m²).

Note: For minimum room areas at higher installation heights, see instructions (note is optional).

Installation method:



Make sure that the applied room space area TA is larger than the TA min.

Table 3.3

18K			24K		
Piping length (ft)/(m)	Refrigerant perfusion (oz)/(kg)	TA min (ft ²)/(m ²)	Piping length (ft)/(m)	Refrigerant perfusion (oz)/(kg)	TA min (ft ²)/(m ²)
15/(4.57)	48.18/(1.37)	43.65/(4.06)	15/(4.57)	58.76/(1.67)	53.24/(4.95)
25/(7.62)	52.91/(1.5)	47.94/(4.46)	25/(7.62)	63.49/(1.8)	57.53/(5.35)
75/(22.86)	76.56/(2.17)	69.38/(6.45)	75/(22.86)	87.15/(2.47)	78.96/(7.34)
100/(30.48)	88.39/(2.51)	80.09/(7.44)	100/(30.48)	98.97/(2.81)	89.68/(8.34)
131/(39.93)	103.06/(2.92)	93.38/(8.68)	131/(39.93)	113.64/(3.22)	102.97/(9.57)
30K			36K		
Piping length (ft)/(m)	Refrigerant perfusion (oz)/(kg)	TA min (ft ²)/(m ²)	Piping length (ft)/(m)	Refrigerant perfusion (oz)/(kg)	TA min (ft ²)/(m ²)
15/(4.57)	76.4/(2.17)	69.22(6.43)	15/(4.57)	79.92(2.27)	72.42(6.73)
25/(7.62)	81.13/(2.3)	73.51(6.83)	25/(7.62)	84.66(2.4)	76.71(7.13)
75/(22.86)	104.78/(2.97)	94.94(8.83)	75/(22.86)	108.31(3.07)	98.14(9.12)
100/(30.48)	116.61/(3.31)	105.66(9.82)	100/(30.48)	120.14(3.41)	108.86(10.12)
131/(39.93)	131.28/(3.72)	118.95(11.06)	131/(39.93)	134.8(3.82)	122.15(11.35)
Note: TA=A1+A2+A3+...+An (If there is a damper in the duct. When damper is open, the room area TA is the sum of all room area connected by ductwork. If it is closed, TA is the sum of the room areas before the damper.)					

Table: Minimum room area/zone de chambre minimale (e.g.: 36K AC Installation connection piping length of 15 feet and refrigerant charge of 79.92oz results in an installation room area of not less than 72.42 sq. ft.)

Table 3.4

Model	Qmin [m ³ /h(SCFM)]	Qmin _A [m ³ /h(SCFM)]
18K	451/(265)	286.27/(168.40)
24K	544/(320)	315.69/(185.70)
30K	667/(392)	364.71/(214.53)
36K	667/(392)	374.51/(220.30)
Note: Qmin refers to the Minimum airflow of the indoor unit (see Table 5.1 for details), which is not less than Qmin _A .		

4. Electrical Wiring

The wiring on site must comply with the National Electric Code (C.E.C. in Canada) and any applicable local regulations.



Warning: Electric shock

- Before installation or maintenance, please disconnect all power supply of the device. More than one disconnect switch may be required to cut off the power of the equipment. Dangerous voltage can cause serious personal injury or death.

4.1 Power Supply Wiring

It is important to have a suitable power supply connected to the device being installed. For more detailed requirements, please refer to the device rating label, wiring diagram and electrical data in the installation instructions.

- If necessary, install a branch circuit breaker of sufficient size, which is located within sight and easy to install.



When installing an electric heater, the device may be equipped with one or two 30-60 amp circuit breakers. These circuit breakers protect internal lines and act as disconnecting devices when short circuit occurs. The circuit breaker installed in the device does not provide overcurrent protection for the power connection, so its size may be larger than that of the branch circuit protection.

- The power supply line of the circuit must be a minimum 221°F copper conductor. For current carrying capacity, wire size and circuit protector requirements, please refer to electrical data in this section. The power supply protection device can be a fuse or a "HACR" type circuit breaker.
- High-voltage wires can pass through the tapping holes on the right, left or top of the device.
- 7/8", 1-3/8" diameter tapped holes can be used to connect high-voltage wires to the device.
- The high-voltage wires must be connected to the red and black wires in the control part of the air handler.

4.2 Control Wiring



The low-voltage control line should not run in the conduit together with the high-voltage line. Keep the distance between the two catheters according to local codes.

- Scenes less than 100 feet in length should use 18 AWG colored low-voltage wires. 16 AWG wire should be used for scenes with a length of more than 100 feet.
- See Figure 2.7 for the connection position of low-voltage wires.
- For the correct wiring instructions, please refer to the wiring diagram located back side of the air handler blower access panel.
- After installation, make sure that the low-voltage and high-voltage wiring are kept separate.

4.3 Grounding



Danger: Electric shock

- The device must be permanently grounded. Otherwise, it will cause electric shock, personal injury or death.

- When installed according to existing electrical codes, grounding can be through wires or metal conductors.
- Grounding can also be achieved by connecting the grounding wire to the ground lug (ground lug) on the machine.
- When multiple power supply circuits are used, each circuit needs to be grounded plate separately.
- The grounding plate is located at the upper right of the cabinet.

4.4 Electrical Data

Table 4.1 Electrical Data

Model	Voltage	Hertz	HP	Fan speed	Circuit AMPS	MCA(A)	MOP(A)
18K	208/230	60	1/3	4	1.1	4	6
24K	208/230	60	1/3	5	1.1	4	6
30K	208/230	60	1/2	5	2.0	5	6
36K	208/230	60	1/2	5	2.0	5	6

4.5 MCA/MOP Data of Electric Heat Kit

Table 4.2 Applicable Heat Kits for AHU Multi Position Installation

AHU model	electric heat(kW) 208/230VAC	Current (A) 208/230VAC	MCA (A) 208/230VAC	MAX.Fuse or Breaker (HACR) Ampacity		Fan speed				
				208 VAC	230 VAC	1	2	3	4	5
18K	3.8/5	19.66/21.74	25/29	30	35	●	●	●	●	●
	5.6/7.5	29.50/32.61	37/43	40	45	x	x	●	●	●
24K	3.8/5	19.66/21.74	25/29	30	35	●	●	●	●	●
	5.6/7.5	29.50/32.61	37/43	40	45	x	x	●	●	●
	7.5/10	39.32/43.48	50/57	55	60	x	x	x	●	●
30K	3.8/5	19.66/21.74	25/29	30	35	●	●	●	●	●
	5.6/7.5	29.50/32.61	37/43	40	45	x	●	●	●	●
	7.5/10	39.32/43.48	50/57	55	60	x	x	●	●	●
36K	3.8/5	19.66/21.74	25/29	30	35	●	●	●	●	●
	5.6/7.5	29.50/32.61	37/43	40	45	x	●	●	●	●
	7.5/10	39.32/43.48	50/57	55	60	x	x	●	●	●
	(5.6+5.6) /(7.5+7.5)	29.50+29.50/32.61+32.61	37+37/43+43	40/40	45/45	x	x	x	●	●

- Heat kit applicable for AHU 4-way position installation.
- Ampacities for MCA and Fuse/breaker including the blower motor.
- The heat pump system needs specific airflow. Each ton of cooling requires 350 to 450 cubic feet of air per minute (CFM) , or nominally 400 CFM.

Table 4.3 Heater Kit Accessories

Description	18	24	30	36
5 kW heating kit, single-pole circuit breaker	•	•	•	•
7.5 kW heating kit, single-pole circuit breaker	•	•	•	•
10 kW heating kit, single/double pole circuit breaker	×	•	•	•
15 kW heating kit, double pole circuit breaker	×	×	×	•
20 kW heating kit, double pole circuit breaker	×	×	×	×

• indicates availability, and × indicates unavailability

Warning:



- This product is used with A2L type refrigerant, the electric heater must meet the requirements of the UL 60335-2-40 standard for A2L type refrigerant.
- The electric heating must be installed by qualified personnel. Refer to current regulations and laws for installation location.
- This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety. Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.
- The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.

5. Airflow Performance

The air flow data is based on the cooling performance of coil and without filter.

External static pressure ESP should be kept within the minimum and maximum limits shown in the following table to ensure the normal operation of cooling, heating and electric heating.

Table 5.1 Air Flow Performance

Model size of air processor	Motor speed		SCFM								
			External Static Pressure-Inch Water Column [kPa]								
			0[0]	0.1[.025]	0.2[.050]	0.3[.075]	0.4[.100]	0.5[.125]	0.6[.150]	0.7[.175]	0.8[.200]
18K	Tap (1)	SCFM	669.9	571.8	490.9	394.3	269.5	-	-	-	-
		Watts	41	47	52	57	61	-	-	-	-
	Tap (2)	SCFM	792.2	708.6	615.9	548.5	474.2	371.5	265.1	-	-
		Watts	59	67	73	77	83	88	93	-	-
	Tap (3)	SCFM	948.8	887.5	809.6	723.6	671.6	597.0	504.2	410.2	-
		Watts	96	102	109	115	129	126	132	141	-
	Tap (4)	SCFM	1020.9	966.5	887.1	798.4	738.8	697.9	672.3	572.8	490.1
		Watts	118	127	136	144	150	156	160	167	177
Tap (5)	SCFM	1115.2	1059.2	995.0	906.5	842.5	791.4	727.2	707.0	652.5	
	Watts	148	157	167	178	186	191	198	205	211	
24K	Tap (1)	SCFM	697	589	484	382	320	-	-	-	-
		Watts	34	37	45	49	56	-	-	-	-
	Tap (2)	SCFM	907	826	752	657	574	498	445	-	-
		Watts	66	71	79	85	93	100	107	-	-
	Tap (3)	SCFM	1028	971	905	827	753	664	598	535	493
		Watts	95	102	111	118	127	133	141	148	156
	Tap (4)	SCFM	1128	1060	998	920	850	766	693	622	573
		Watts	117	122	132	139	148	155	164	170	180
Tap (5)	SCFM	1193	1130	1072	1002	931	853	781	722	653	
	Watts	139	145	154	161	171	177	187	197	202	
30K	Tap (1)	SCFM	955.3	897.8	839.5	739.4	655.3	575.9	511.5	432.4	392.2
		Watts	91	96	102	110	115	121	127	138	140
	Tap (2)	SCFM	1080.7	1031.5	977.4	925.6	819.4	743.8	675.5	608.7	547.1
		Watts	125	131	137	143	153	160	166	173	179
	Tap (3)	SCFM	1182.2	1138.1	1089.0	1042.9	986.9	879.5	811.4	749.5	689.2
		Watts	158	165	172	177	185	197	203	212	221
	Tap (4)	SCFM	1305.6	1261.8	1220.9	1179.5	1132.2	1086.1	984.1	914.5	856.6
		Watts	207	214	221	228	236	244	257	266	273
Tap (5)	SCFM	1386.7	1350.0	1309.4	1274.6	1233.1	1186.6	1137.8	1031.5	970.0	
	Watts	245	253	262	270	277	285	295	309	318	
36K	Tap (1)	SCFM	955.3	897.8	839.5	739.4	65.5	575.9	511.5	432.4	392.2
		Watts	91	96	102	110	115	121	127	138	140
	Tap (2)	SCFM	1080.7	1031.5	977.4	925.6	819.4	743.8	675.5	608.7	547.1
		Watts	125	131	137	143	153	160	166	173	179
	Tap (3)	SCFM	1182.2	1138.1	1089.0	1042.9	986.9	879.5	811.4	749.5	689.2
		Watts	158	165	172	177	185	197	203	212	221
	Tap (4)	SCFM	1305.6	1261.8	1220.9	1179.5	1132.2	1086.1	984.1	914.5	856.6
		Watts	207	214	221	228	236	244	257	266	273
Tap (5)	SCFM	1386.7	1350.0	1309.4	1274.6	1233.1	1186.6	1137.8	1031.5	970.0	
	Watts	245	253	262	270	277	285	295	309	318	

The highlighted area indicates the airflow within the required range of 300-450cfm/ton.

Note:

1. The advanced airflow must be used as the rated airflow for the operation of the machine.
2. The rated airflow of a system without an electric heater kit requires 300 to 450 cubic feet of air per minute (CFM).
3. The rated airflow of a system with an electric heater kit requires 350 to 450 cubic feet of air per minute (CFM).
4. The air distribution system has the greatest influence on air flow. Therefore, the contractor should only use the procedures recognized by the industry.
5. The design and construction of air duct should be done carefully. Poor design or process will lead to a significant decline in system performance.
6. The air supply duct should be set along the periphery of the air-conditioned space with appropriate size. Improper location or insufficient airflow may lead to insufficient ventilation or noise in the ductwork.
7. The installer should balance the air distribution system to ensure that all rooms in the room have proper quiet airflow. The speedometer or airflow hood can be used to balance and verify the branch duct and system airflow (CFM).

5.1 Indoor Fan Function

5.1.1. Indoor Coil Anti-Freezing Function

The function utilizes the indoor coil sensor(T2) to determine whether the indoor coil is freezing or not. The feature prevents the unit running at low evaporating temperature as well as low suction superheat.

When all the following conditions are met, the Anti-Freezing Function will activate:

- A. $T2 < 32^{\circ}\text{F}$
- B. $32 - T2 \geq 5.4$

When the following conditions are met, the Anti-Freezing Function will deactivate:

- A. $T2 \geq 42.8^{\circ}\text{F}$

When the feature is activated, the compressor will be turned off.

5.1.2. R32 Leakage Detection Function

The function utilizes a R32 refrigerant sensor to detect the R32 concentration. Terminal F is reserved for connecting buzzer if needed.

When R32 leakage occur in the indoor coil and the concentration is above 6.67%, the unit will perform as the following:

- A. Cut off power to thermostat to stop compressor from continuing operation, unless the alarm is cleared.
- B. Electric Heat kit will be turned off.
- C. High voltage will be output between terminal F and terminal L2 and the buzzer will be turned on.

6. Ductwork

On-site ductwork must comply with National Fire Protection Association NFPA 90A, NFPA 90B and any applicable local ordinance(s).



Warning: Fire and carbon monoxide

- Under no circumstances should the return ductwork be connected to any other heat-producing equipment, such as mantelpiece, stove, etc. Unauthorized use of such equipment may cause fire, carbon monoxide poisoning, explosion, personal injury or property damage.

The metal ductwork operating in the air-conditioned space must be insulated and covered with a moisture-proof layer. If the construction and installation are carried out according to SMACNA glass fiber duct construction standard, the fiber duct system can be used. The ductwork must meet the U/L standard 181 test of Class I air duct by National Fire Protection Association of America. Check the local regulations of ductwork and insulation requirements.

- The duct system must be designed within the external static pressure range of the designed operation of the device. Adequate airflow in the system is very important. Ensure that the supply and return ductwork, grid, special filter screen, accessories, etc. are included in the total resistance. Please refer to the airflow performance table in Section 5 of this manual.
- Design the ductwork according to "ACCA" manual "D" residential air conditioning design and equipment selection in winter and summer. The latest version can be obtained from "ACCA" American Air Conditioning Contractors Association, 1513 16th Street NW, Washington, DC, 20036. If the ductwork contains flexible air pipes, make sure that the system takes into account the pressure drop information (straight line length plus all turns) shown in "ACCA" manual "D".
- The air duct connector should be connected to the 3/4 "flange on the equipment. Install a flange around the air outlet.



If the duct connector has an elbow, its size should not be smaller than that of the flange on the outlet of the device.



The front flange on the return duct (if connected to the fan casing) must not be screwed into the area where the power cord is located. Drill bits or sharp screw tips can damage the insulation of the internal wires of the equipment.

- Use appropriate fasteners suitable for the type of duct used, fix the outlet and return ducts to the flanges of the device, and connect the ducts to the device with adhesive tape as needed to prevent air leakage.

7. Refrigerant Pipe Connection

Before the refrigerant pipe connection is completed, keep the coil sealed. Please refer to the installation, operation and maintenance manual of the external machine for detailed information on refrigerant line size, duct installation and filling amount.

Pull out the rubber plugs and check whether there is nitrogen flowing out.



Warning: Personal injury hazard

- Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury.
- Wear eye protection.



Note:

- Factory nitrogen charge may escape past rubber plugs during storage. This does not indicate a leaking coil nor warrant return of the coil.

Care should be taken to connect the refrigerant pipe so that it will not obstruct the maintenance channel in front of the equipment.

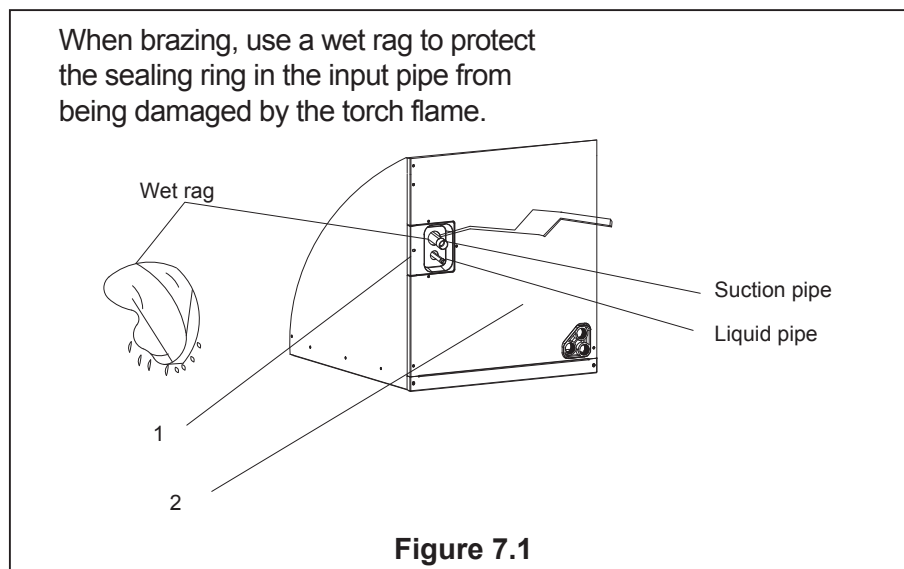
Before brazing, the metal 1 and 2 need to be uninstalled. See Figure 7.1.

Pull out the evaporator (6 inches) so that longer refrigerant line could be exposed for wet rag and brazing.

During brazing, nitrogen should flow through the refrigerant pipe. Use a brazing shield to protect the paint of the cabinet, and use a wet rag to protect the rubber gasket of the pipeline from being damaged by the torch flame. During the brazing process, protect the temperature sensing bulb of TXV with wet cloth or approved heating paste. See Figure 7.1.

After brazing, pull in the evaporator and put the metal 1 and 2 back to the cabinet.

After the refrigerant pipeline connection is completed, seal and fill the surrounding gaps with pressure-sensitive gaskets.

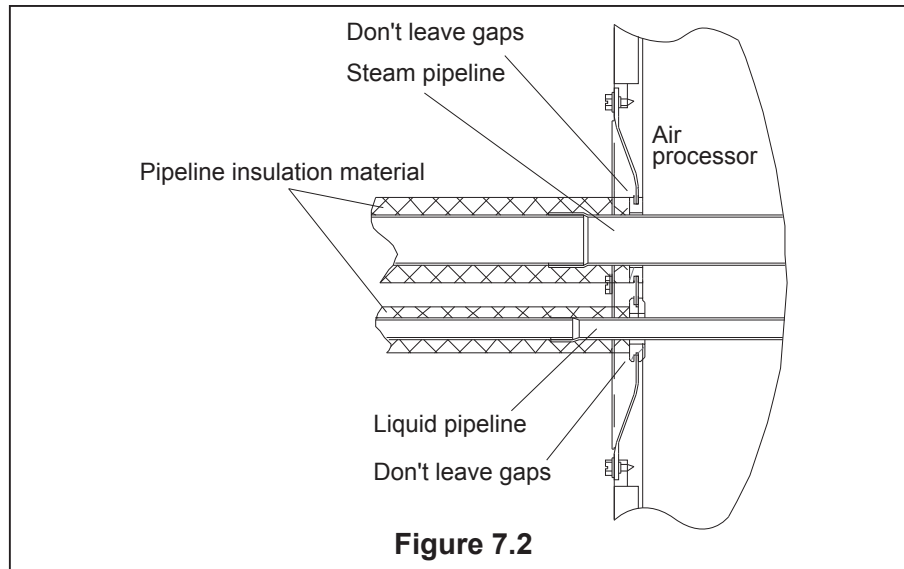




Note: Maintain pressure with inert gas

- That after completion of field piping for split systems, the field pipework shall be pressure tested with an inert gas and then vacuum tested prior to refrigerant charging. The minimum test pressure for the system shall be the low side design pressure (See nameplate for detail).

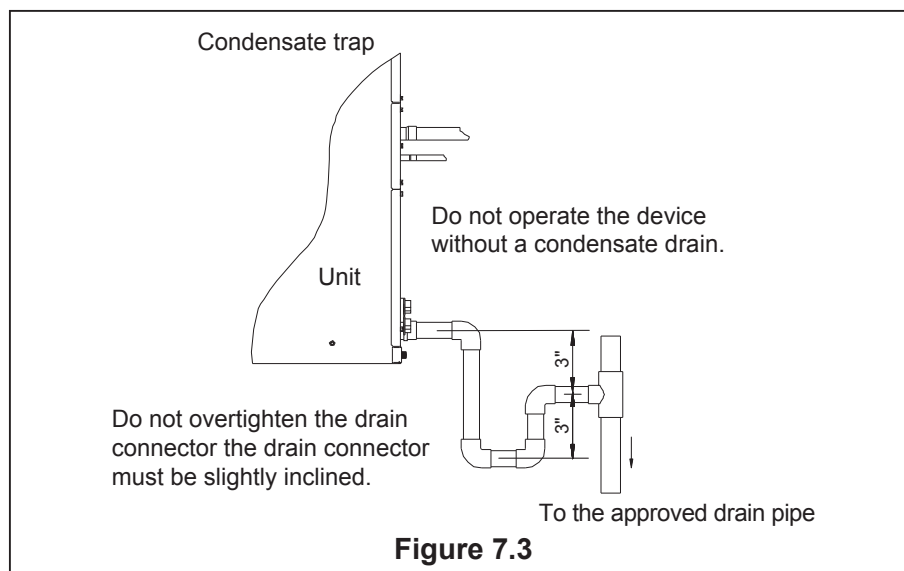
After brazing, make sure that there is no refrigerant leakage. After checking the vapor leakage, make sure that the pipeline is insulated, as shown in Figure 7.2.



7.1 Condensate Drain Connection

For specific requirements, please consult local codes.

For the required condensate trap installation, please refer to Figure 7.3 and the following information.



1. When connecting the drain connector to the drain pan, use a thin layer of PTFE paste, silicone or PTEF, and tighten it by hand.
2. When connecting the drain connector to the drain pan, don't over tighten it. Tight fittings will crack the pipe connection on the drain pan.

- Make sure that the drainage pipe will not block the inlet in front of the device. The minimum clearance required for removal and maintenance of filter screen, coil or fan is 24 inches.
- Make sure that the machine is placed horizontally or slightly inclined to the main drain outlet, so that water can be completely drained from the machine.
- Do not reduce the drain pipe size to less than the connection size provided on the condensate drain pan.
- All horizontal drainage pipes must be inclined downward at a slope of at least 1/8 inch per foot to ensure proper drainage.
- Do not connect the condensate drain line to the closed or open sewage pipe. Drain the condensate to an open drainage pipe or to a safe outdoor area.
- Where necessary, the drainage pipeline should be insulated to prevent damage caused by condensation water formed on the outer surface of the pipeline.
- If necessary, be prepared to disconnect and clean the main drainage pipe. Install a 3-inch elbow on the main drainage pipe as close as possible to the unit. Make sure that the top of the elbow is lower than the joint of the drain pan to allow the drain pan to drain completely (see Figure 7.3).
- Auxiliary drainage pipes should be extended to places where condensate can be easily seen. If the condensed water starts to flow out from the auxiliary drain pipe, the homeowner should pay attention to the possible problems.
- Plug the unused drain connector with the plug in the parts package provided with the equipment. Use a thin layer of Teflon paste, silicone or Teflon tape to form a waterproof seal.
- After installation, test the condensate drain pan and drain pipe. Pour water into the drain pan, enough to fill the drain traps and pipes. Check to ensure that the drain pan completely drains water, no leakage is found in the drain pipe fittings, and water is discharged from the main drain pipe terminal.

8. Air Filter (Not Factory Installed)

The filter is not included in the device and must be provided on site.

The size of external filters or other filtering devices must meet the maximum flow rate of 300ft/min, or meet the recommended value of filter type.

The application and placement of filter is very important for airflow, which may affect the performance of heating and cooling system. Reduced airflow will shorten the life of the main components of the system, such as motors, components, thermal relays, evaporator coils or compressors. Therefore, we recommend that the return air duct system has only one filter position. For systems without return air filter grids, multiple filter grids can be installed at each return air opening.

If a high-efficiency filter screen or electronic air filtration system is used, it is very important that the air flow rate is not reduced. If the air flow decreases, the overall performance and efficiency of the device will decrease. It is strongly recommended to contact professional installation technicians to ensure the correct installation of such filtration systems.



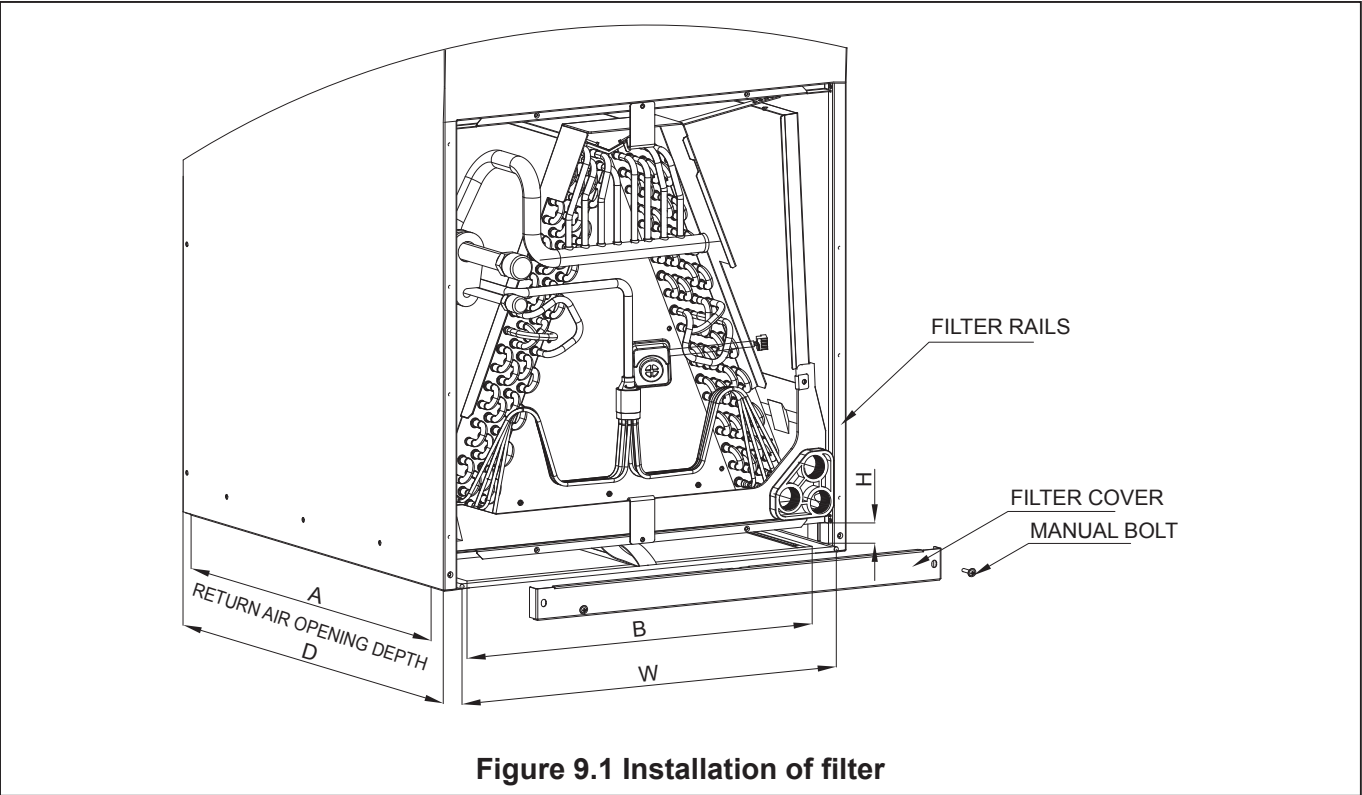
Do not double filter the return air system. Do not filter the air supply duct system. This will change the performance of the device and reduce the airflow.



Warning: Fire risk

- Do not operate the system without a filter. Part of the dust suspended in the air may temporarily stay on the duct and the air outlet of the room. Any circulating dust particles may be heated and burnt due to contact with AHU elements. This residue will stain the ceiling, walls, curtains, carpets and other items in the house. When some types of candles, oil lamps or igniters burn, soot may be generated in the filter.

9. Filter



-  Filter is not included in the device and must be field supplied.
-  External filter or other means of filtration is required.

Table 9.1 Size of Filter

Model	Filter size inches [mm]	"W" inches [mm]	"D" inches [mm]	"H" inches [mm]	Return Width "A" inches [mm]	Return Length "B" inches [mm]
18K/24K/30K/36K	18×20[457×508]	18.3 [466]	21.6 [548]	1 [25.4]	20.8 [528]	16.3 [414]

Removal/Installation of Air Filter

- Manually remove the bolts and remove the filter cover, as shown in Figure 9.1.
- Hold the edge of the strainer and pull it out.
- Install a new filter so that the arrow on the filter screen is consistent with the airflow direction.
- If a reusable filter is used, please clean it according to the manufacturer's specifications before re-installing it.
- The filter needs to meet UL 900.

10. Maintenance



In order to keep high performance and minimize possible equipment failures, the equipment must be regularly maintained.

10.1 Cleaning Precautions



Warning:

- Any equipment maintenance can only be carried out by qualified maintenance personnel.



Warning: Before cleaning and maintenance

- Before cleaning or maintenance, be sure to turn off the equipment and disconnect its power supply.



Be careful:

- When removing the filter, do not touch the metal parts in the device. Sharp metal edges can cut you.



Note:

- Do not use chemicals or chemically treated cloth to clean the equipment.
- Do not use benzene, paint thinner, polishing powder or other solvents to clean this machine.
- Do not operate the system without a filter.

10.2 Routine Maintenance

Your equipment must be inspected regularly by qualified service technicians. Your annual system check must include:

1. Check the filter every 90 days, or at any time as needed. If it is blocked or block, please clean or replace it immediately.
2. Inspection and/or cleaning of impeller housing and motor.
3. Check and clean indoor and outdoor coils as needed.
4. Check and/or clean indoor coil drain pan and drain pipe and auxiliary drain pan and pipe.
5. Check all wires and connections. Refer to the wiring diagram and make corrections as needed.

11. Wiring Diagram



Warning: Electric shock

- Before repairing or installing this device, please disconnect all power supplies. There may be multiple power sources. Otherwise, property damage, personal injury or death may result.



Danger: Electric shock

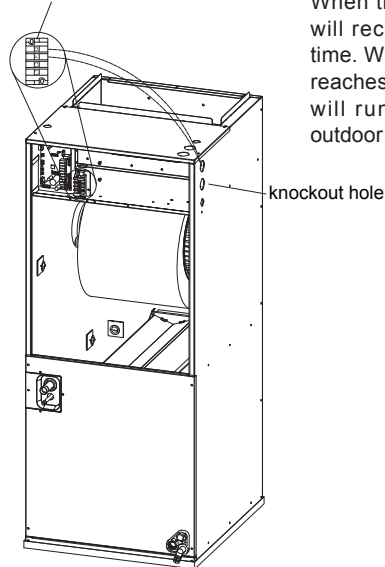
- The device must be properly grounded and protected by a circuit breaker or fuse.



Warning: Electric shock

- These devices must be wired and installed according to all national and local safety codes.

TERMINAL
POWER OUT 230V/1ph/60Hz



If you need to install the buzzer, please connect it according to the Figure 11.2. When the refrigerant leaks, the buzzer will receive the signal and respond in time. When the refrigerant concentration reaches the threshold, the indoor airflow will run at the highest gear and the outdoor unit will stop.

Figure 11.1 Buzzer wiring diagram

- To avoid electric shock, make sure:
 - 1) Equipment is properly grounded.
 - 2) The main power plug of the device has been connected to the ground wire (do not change it).
- Do not tighten the power cord.



The dotted line in the following thermostat wiring diagram indicates optional wiring (wiring for passive dehumidification function and/or electric heating). For the wiring of the thermostat, please refer to the user manual of the thermostat.

Wiring for 3H and 2C thermostat

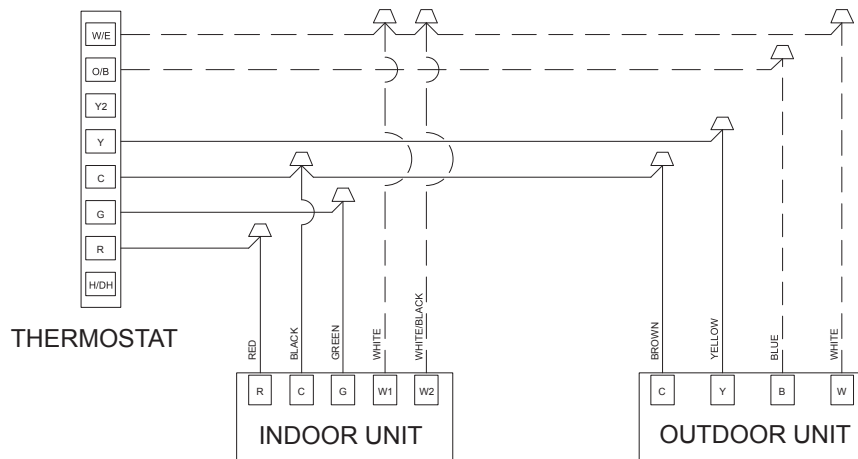


Figure 11.2 Control Wiring

Wiring for 4H and 2C thermostat

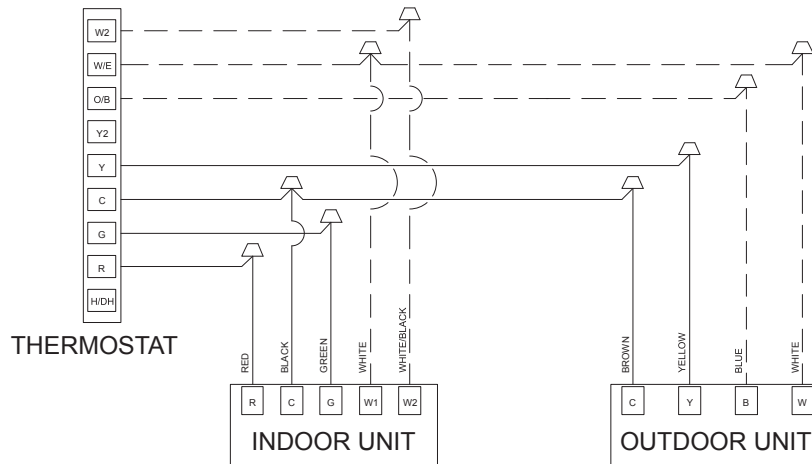


Figure 11.3 Control Wiring

Wiring for 3H and 1C thermostat

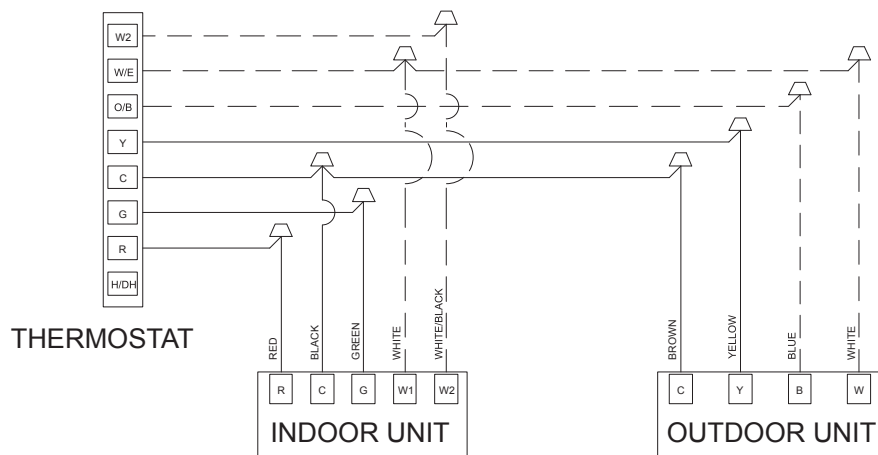


Figure 11.4 Control Wiring

Wiring for 2H and 2C thermostat

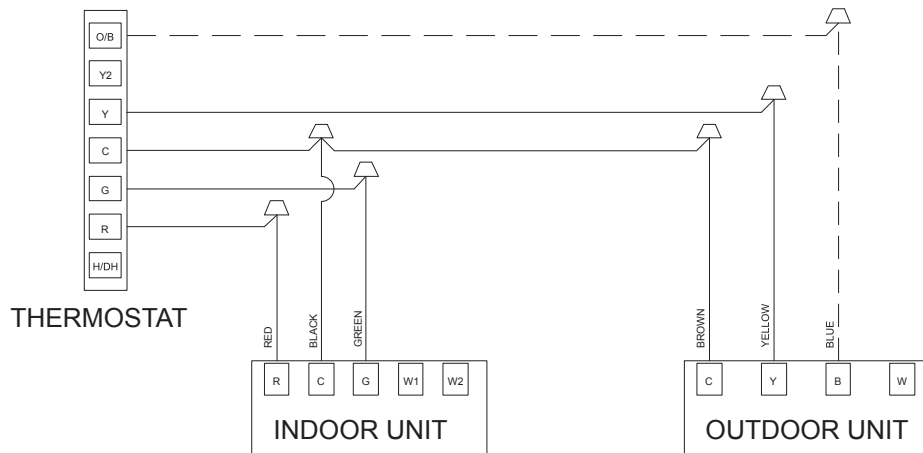


Figure 11.5 Control Wiring

Wiring for 1H and 1C thermostat

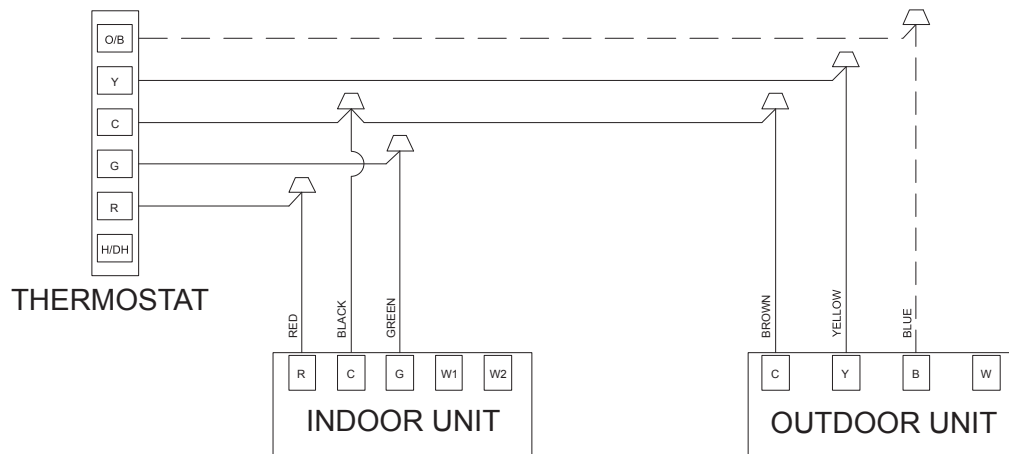


Figure 11.6 Control Wiring

Wiring for 2H and 1C thermostat

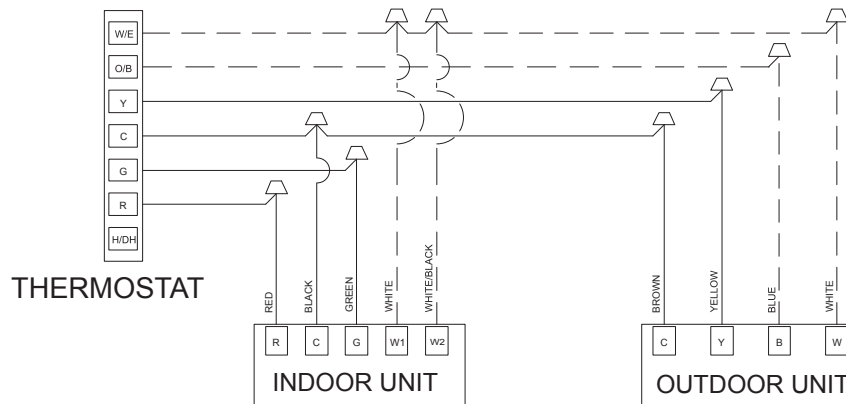


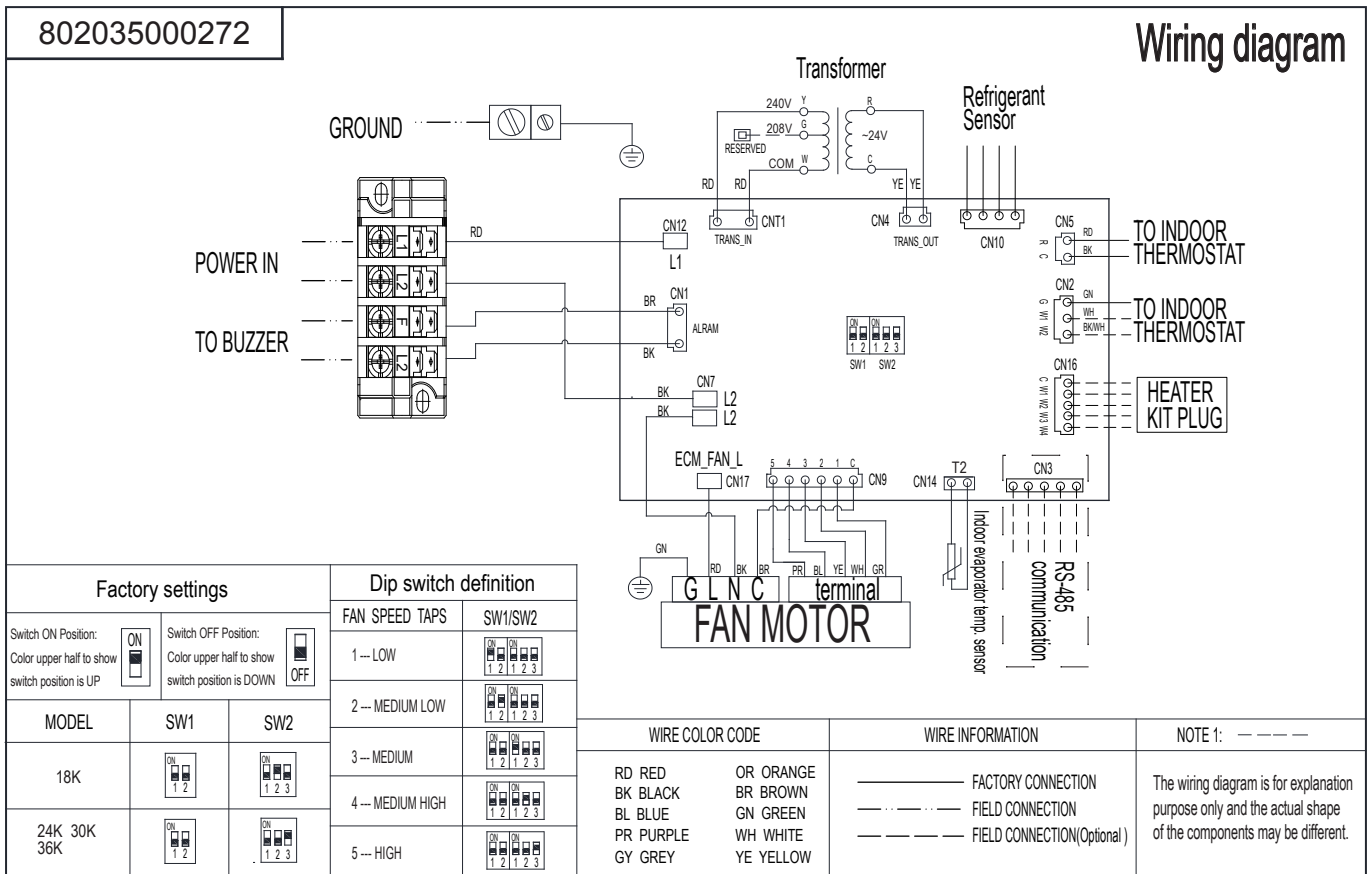
Figure 11.7 Control Wiring

Table 11.1 LED Display Fault Code

	LED Status	System status
Model	LED light always on	Runing Mode
System warning	LED light 1 Flash/Cycle	R32 refrigerant leak Protection
	LED light 2 Flash/Cycle	Anti-freezed Protection
	LED light 3 Flash/Cycle	Evaporator Temperature Sensor Error
	LED light 4 Flash/Cycle	R32 refrigerant sensor Error
	LED light 5 Flash/Cycle	ECM motor Error

Table 11.2 Wire Gauge of High Voltage System

Type (Btu/hour)			18K	24K	30K	36K
Power		Phase	Single			
		Voltage/frequency	208/230VAC, 60 Hz			
Wire gauge	Indoor unit power cord	Line quantity	3	3	3	3
		Wire diameter (AWG)	16	16	16	16
	Outdoor unit power cord	Line quantity	3	3	3	3
		Wire diameter (AWG)	14	14	12	12





Technical Support

Single & Multi-Zone Mini Splits • PTACs • Portables •
TTWs • Light Commercial A/C Systems

Limited Warranty provided by Cooper&Hunter (hereby referred to as C&H) covers specified products and parts, subject to the following details:

Our warranty:

C&H Limited Warranty applies only to products installed by a licensed HVAC technician.

Product Registration: Products must be registered for Limited Warranty within 60 days of installation by licensed HVAC technician. Products can be registered at www.cooperandhunter.us/warranty. Alternatively, the warranty registration card from the product User's Manual can be filled out and sent in as instructed.

Warranty Coverage: Cooper&Hunter distributor warrants this product against failure due to defect in materials or workmanship under normal use and maintenance as follows. All warranty periods begin on the date of original installation. Damage resulting from failure to use, install or maintain the product in a manner consistent with manufacturer's recommendations shall render the warranty void. Cooper&Hunter, at its discretion, may request a report from a qualified technician prior to honoring a warranty claim. If a part fails due to defect during the applicable warranty period, Cooper&Hunter will provide a new or remanufactured part, at C&H's discretion, to replace the failed defective part at no charge. This Limited Warranty is subject to all provisions, conditions, limitations and exclusions listed below.

- Warranty is provided only to the first original owner of the Product, where it is originally installed, and is not transferable to the subsequent owners
- Limited Warranty applies only to systems properly installed by a state certified or licensed HVAC contractor, under applicable local and state law, in accordance with all applicable building codes and permits, C&H installation and operation instructions and good trade practices
- Warranty applies only to products remaining in their original installation location
- Defective parts must be returned to the distributor through a registered servicing dealer for credit

This warranty gives you specific legal rights. Rights may vary from state to state or province to province. For complete warranty details and duration of your specific product, please visit our website at cooperandhunter.us/warranty and follow the registration instructions.

LIMITATIONS OF WARRANTIES:

ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES AND/OR CONDITIONS (INCLUDING IMPLIED WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE OR PURPOSE) ARE LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY. SOME STATES OR PROVINCES DO NOT ALLOW LIMITATIONS ON HOW LONG AN IMPLIED WARRANTY OR CONDITION LASTS, SO THE ABOVE MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU. THE EXPRESSED WARRANTIES MADE IN THIS WARRANTY ARE EXCLUSIVE AND MAY NOT BE ALTERED, EXTENDED, OR CHANGED BY ANY DISTRIBUTOR, DEALER, OR OTHER PERSON, WHATSOEVER.

Warranty Exclusions: Cooper&Hunter is not responsible for any warranty claim:

1. For equipment installed outside of North America.
2. For equipment not installed according to manufacturer's guidelines.
3. For equipment which has been removed from the original place of installation and reinstalled at another place.
4. If registration information cannot be verified (i.e., invalid license number or wrong information provided).
5. For damages or repairs arising as a result of a faulty installation, inappropriate application, or improper use.
6. For damages or repairs arising from any external perils, out of Cooper&Hunter's control, such as fires, storms, accidents, floods, broken or frozen water pipes, electrical surges, input power with under or overvoltage, lightning, or existence of corrosive substances nearby.
7. For damages or repairs arising from use of non-compatible parts, third-party components, alterations, modifications, or improper applications.

8. For improper service or poor maintenance of the equipment, such as cleaning of all air filters, heat exchangers, fans, and blowers, in addition to any necessary lubrication of internal components and maintenance of external accessories.
9. For changes that can be considered cosmetic, including but not limited to small fin damages, scratches on the unit cover, etc.
10. For resetting of power or the circuit breakers and replacement of other types of fuses, both internal and external.
11. For any damage caused by the use of dirty, recycled, or wrong type of refrigerants and lubricants.
12. For damage due to moisture, air, dust, sand, dirt, etc., that have been allowed into the system.
13. For damage caused by continuing use of the product after a malfunction has been noticed or indicated at the display module, through an error code.
14. For damages or performance issues due to improper matching, product selection, undersizing, oversizing, improper installation, or misuse.
15. For loss or replacement of refrigerant, lubricant, or oil.
16. For labor or any costs associated with labor.

Warranty Begin Date: Warranty begins on the date of registration.

Warranty End Date: Products that have not been registered as instructed above are not covered under Warranty. The Warranty duration will vary from product to product and may have additional extensions granted through promotional benefits. Any part, component or product that is replaced under the terms of this Warranty, will be covered under the same Warranty for the duration in which the original Warranty was applicable. Please visit our website at cooperandhunter.us/warranty and follow the registration instructions to find specific details on your product warranty.

Warranty Procedure: The product owner or technician should contact **Cooper&Hunter Technical Support at (888) 293-9252, Monday to Friday from 9AM to 5PM EST** while the technician is on site servicing the unit. The product may display error codes. The technician should be on site while troubleshooting with the C&H Technical Support Agent so he or she can address symptoms observed, specific electrical and mechanical measurements, and other detailed information that may be required for proper diagnosis.

While technicians may refer to Cooper&Hunter's website or YouTube channel for helpful information, such as manuals and videos based on certain error codes, the technician will need to troubleshoot with the C&H Technical Support Agent for Warranty purposes. Cooper&Hunter is not able to remotely diagnose a product and or offer remedies, without proper diagnosis results.

When contacting Technical Support, the following forms and information need to be provided:

1. Unit's Model & Serial number
2. Date of Unit Installation by a Licensed Technician
3. Installer's EPA License Number
4. Place Unit was purchased

Cooper&Hunter may ask for photos and/or other diagnostic information it deems necessary prior to processing the Warranty claim.

It should be noted that C&H Technical Support Agents troubleshoot on a case-by-case basis, following best practices and procedures to diagnose problems and solutions. Through this process, it is most efficient to diagnose one issue or error code at a time. It is possible that the first suggested solution may or may not solve one problem of multiple failures, in which case the Technician will continue through troubleshooting for remaining issues/error codes.

Cooper&Hunter will furnish a new or refurbished part without any charge for the part itself, for the replacement of any part that has been determined, by Cooper&Hunter, to have failed, at its sole discretion, due to defects in its materials or workmanship under standard use and proper maintenance. The payment of the shipping costs for the part will be the sole responsibility of the owner of the product. Cooper& Hunter reserves the right to ask the owner of the product to return the failed part before or after a replacement part is sent out.

Labor cost, materials and other costs: Any labor costs and/or the costs for the supplies or materials used or purchased in the field for the replacement of the defective part, remain the responsibility of the owner. No other costs involved in diagnosis, lodging, transportation, servicing, repair, replacement, installation, removal, shipping, etc., are to be covered under the Warranty.

Refrigerant: Any costs related to charging, recharging, adjustment, or removal of refrigerant, and the cost of the refrigerant itself, are not covered under any circumstances. All products go through vigorous quality controls at various stations and leave the factory in perfect working and sealed condition. Products are individually tested in highly sensitive helium vacuum chambers for existence of refrigerant leaks. Cooper&Hunter does not cover any claims related to the lack of refrigerant in new products, discovered upon arrival, or during installation, as well as subsequent refrigerant loss occurring at any time afterward.

This Warranty is not transferable. No person or entity is authorized to change the terms and conditions outlined in this Warranty agreement, in any respect, nor to create any additional obligations or liabilities for any party involved.

This warranty agreement supersedes all prior warranty agreements between the parties and constitutes the complete, final and exclusive understanding of the parties with respect to the subject matter. All prior negotiations, representations, or promises, whether oral or written, of either party shall be deemed to have been merged herein.

If any part of this warranty agreement shall be invalidated for any reason, such part shall be deleted, and the remainder shall be unaffected and shall continue in full force and effect. This Warranty provides you certain legal rights and you may also have other rights, which vary from State to State. Therefore, some of these limitations or exclusions may not apply to you.

States with Express and Implied Warranties: Products in states with Express and Implied Warranties do not need to be registered for C&H Warranty. However, for Warranty support, installation invoice should be provided.

Pursuing legal remedies:

ARBITRATION CLAUSE. IMPORTANT. PLEASE REVIEW THIS ARBITRATION CLAUSE, AS IT AFFECTS YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS.

1. This arbitration clause affects your rights against Cooper&Hunter and any of its employees, agents, affiliates, successors, or assignees, all of whom together are referred to below as “we” or “us” for the simplicity of reference.
2. **ARBITRATION REQUIREMENT: EXCEPT AS STATED BELOW, ANY DISPUTE BETWEEN YOU AND ANY OF US SHALL BE DECIDED BY NEUTRAL AND BINDING ARBITRATION, RATHER THAN ANY COURT OR BY TRIAL BY JURY. ARBITRATION WILL BE HANDLED ONLY ON AN INDIVIDUAL BASIS AND ALL PARTIES EXPRESSLY WAIVE; ANY RIGHTS TO PARTICIPATE AS A CLASS REPRESENTATIVE OR CLASS MEMBER, ANY RIGHTS TO CLASS ARBITRATION OR ANY CONSOLIDATION OF INDIVIDUAL ARBITRATIONS. THE ARBITRATOR WILL BE A MEMBER OF THE AMERICAN ARBITRATION ORGANIZATION.** The meaning of “Dispute” has the broadest possible meaning allowable by law, including any controversy, claim or other dispute, relating to or arising from the purchase of the product, any of the warranties upon the product, or the condition of the product, as well as the determination of the application or the scope of the Arbitration Clause itself. Rights to appeal and discovery are also limited in arbitration based on the rules of the arbitration organizations.
3. **Governing Law:** Effect and procedures of arbitration will be governed by the Federal Arbitration Act (9 U.S.C. § et seq.) rather than any related state law. In case of any substantive warranty, your claims and rights under such substantive warranty will be governed by the applicable law of the state in which Product was purchased.
4. **Location of the Arbitration:** Unless otherwise provided under the applicable law, arbitration hearing will be conducted in the judicial district in Miami-Dade County, Florida.
5. **Costs of the Arbitration:** Unless otherwise provided under the applicable law, each party will be responsible for; its own costs payable to the arbitration organization, and the costs of their attorneys, experts or other fees.
6. **Survival and Enforceability of the Arbitration Clause:** This arbitration clause will survive the expiration or termination of this warranty agreement, indefinitely.

